

Mideast water talks open in Peking

PEKING (AFP) — The fourth meeting of the multilateral werking group on water resources in the Middle East opened here Tuesday, with hopes high that the recent Israeli-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) rapprochement will facilitate progress. The PLO delegation, still in Hong Kong, was absent from the opening but was expected to arrive later. Participants said the PLO tardiness was because of technical reasons. The three-day meeting is the first time Peking has hosted an event related to the Middle East peace process. China pledged Monday to "continue to make its own contribution to the promotion of the Middle East peace process." No breakthroughs were expected at the meeting, but participants were optimistic that the atmosphere would improve after the PLO-Israel accord was signed last month in Washington. "We're hopeful to see some progress," said Yosef Ben Dor, coordinator of the Israeli delegation. The last round of talks, held in Geneva in April, ended in failure. The PLO blamed Israel's refusal to discuss Palestinian water rights, which Israel says should be handled under the bilateral track of the peace process. A total of 43 delegations were present for the meeting, 17 of them from the Middle East.

Volume 18 Number 5446

AMMAN WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1993, JUMADA ALAWAL 11, 1414

Saudis demand apology from Arafat

TUNIS (AFP) — Saudi Arabia has demanded a public apology from Yasser Arafat as a condition for the normalisation of ties and resumption of aid to the Palestinians, diplomats said here Tuesday. King Fahd set the condition in response to mediation efforts by Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak. who has been trying to patch up relations between the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Gulf states. If the Egyptian reconciliation efforts succeeded, the PLO leader could visit Saudi Arabia soon, the diplomats said.

Iragi delegation to visit Tehran

NICOSIA (AP) — An Iranian official said Tuesday that an Irani delegation will be visiting Tehran in the near future to continue talks on improving ties between the two former foes. The Islamic Republic News Agency, IRNA quoted Deputy Foreign Minister Javad Zarif as saying that his Iraqi counterpart Abdul Majid Al Faisal will be visiting Tehran to follow up talks the two had in Baghdad. He did not give a date for the expected visit.

Palestinian slain

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (AP) - Unknown assailants in the occupied West Bank on Monday fatally shot and stab-bed a Palestinian suspected of being an informant for the israelis. The assailants attacked Mahmoud Yaqub Salah, 59, at his home in the village of Al Hader. He was taken to Hussein hospital in nearby Bethlehem, but doctors pronounced him dead. Presidents told reporters that Salah, who ran a driving school, had been past. He allegedly supplied in-formation on Palestinian uprising activists to the Israeli army.

Snags hit Sahara talks

UNITED NATIONS (AP) -The second round of direct talks on Western Sahara between Morocco and the Polisario guerrillas has been delayed by a dispute over the composition of the Moroccan delegation, U.N. officials and diplomats said Tuesday. There are problems, the talks have not opened yet," chief U.N. spokesman Joe Sills said during his daily news briefing. There is a question on the composition of a delegation." He did not elaborate. Formed Pakistani Foreign Minister Sahabzada Yaqub Khan, the U.N. observer to the Western Sahara talks, met separately with each side in an effort to resolve the problem.

No end seen to Kashmir siege

SRINAGAR (AP) — People paced through the streets of Srinagar buying food Wednes-day as Indian forces lifted a 12-day-old curfew for a few hours in many areas of the city. Political leaders had urged the people to hold a one-day hunger strike in support of the militants and civilians who have been trapped inside Kashmir's holiest shrine since Oct. 15.

PLO presses Israel to free all detainees

Police, control of bridge and Jericho area on the negotiating table at Taba

Combined agency dispatches

TABA, Egypt — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) called on Israel Tuesday to free all remaining Palestinian prisoners as the two sides resumed autonomy talks in this Egyptian Red Sea

The head of the PLO delegation, Nabil Shaath, issued a call for a general amnesty for some 12,000 Palestinian prisoners held by Israel.

Asked whether he was satisfied with Israel's release of 617 Palestinian prisoners in the past 24 hours, Dr. Shaath, a close aide to PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat, said: "One is never satisfied until one sees all the prisoners out. It would be very difficult to say 'I'm happy to see 10,000 inside...'
"We would like Israel to see

that releasing prisoners contributes to support for the peace process, not the other way

By Suhair Obeidat

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Five political par-

ties Tuesday urged the Interior

Ministry to extend the deadline for obtaining voters' cards in

order to enable the largest

number of registered voters to

participate in the Nov. 8 polls.

In a letter addressed to

Minister of Interior Salameh

Hammad, the parties said that

less than a third of the reg-

istered voters so far have col-

lected their voting cards, with-

out which voters cannot cast

Ministry of Interior sources,

however, say that 794,486 out

of the country's 1,514 million

registered voters had collected

their cards by Monday noon.

No figures were available

largest popular participation in

"In order to guarantee the

their ballot.

Referring to Israel's last-minute refusal to free 23 members of the Islamic Resistance Movement (Hamas), Dr. Shaath said: "These prisoners did not participate in any attack and they should not be paying for it.'

Another member of the Palestinian delegation, Ziad Abu Ziad, insisted that the Sept. 13 autonomy deal signed in Washington was agreed between the Israeli and Palestinian peoples, and "not between factions.

Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak-Rabin halted the release of members of Hamas and the fundamentalist Islamic Jihad movement after the killing of two Israeli soldiers in the Gaza Strip on Sunday.

Salim Hassan Al Zerai, the longest-serving Palestinian prisoner until his release last week after 23 years behind bars, joined the PLO delega-

voter-card collection extended

solidate democratic values in

society, we propose that you extend the deadline for distri-

buting voting cards" until Nov.

was made available to the Jor-

dan Times, was signed by the

general secretaries of the Isla-

mic Action Front (IAF), the

Jordanian Democratic Popular

Unity Party, the Jordanian Arab Socialist Ba'ath Party,

the Progressive Arab Ba'ath

Party and the Jordan People's

Reports had put the dead-line at Oct. 28. Director of

centres assigned to distribute

voting cards say that the orders

from the Ministry of Interior

specify a deadline for distribut-

ing the cards, and Ministry of

The Election Law does not

say the deadline is Nov. 1.

Democratic Party.

The letter, a copy of which

Parties want 'deadline' for

tion Tuesday.
_ PLO officials said Mr.

Zerai's presence was "symbolic," although Freih Abu Medein a Gaza lawyer and adviser to the talks, suggested he may be proposed as a participant in a subcommittee.

Israel army radio said Dr. Shaath would ask for another 1,000 prisoners to be freed quickly. Dr. Shaath told the radio he wanted freedom for Palestinians who committed minor offences such as unfurling Palestinian flags or painting

slogans on the wall.

The prisoners allowed out Monday were women, the sick, and those under 18 or older than 50, in keeping with an agreement reached in Taba last

The International Committee of the Red Cross says there are 12,000 Palestinian prisoners in Israeli jails, while Mr. Rabin has put the figure at

Interior officials say that the

process will continue as long as

In the meantime, some vo-

ters have complained that they

faced unnecessary difficulties

. and complications when they

went to collect their cards. A

stamp on the family book is the

clue to where a voter must

Akka Secondary School for

Girls and Rashid Preparatory

School for Boys in Jabal Hus-

sein (within the same pre-

smises) áre two card distribut-

ing centres for third district

Voters have to look for their

names among lists of .32,000

names hand-written on scraps

of paper stuck on cardboards

and small blackboards leaning

against the school's corridor

(Continued on page 5)

collect his/her card.



Palestinian women carry pictures of their sons, husbands and brothers jailed in Israeli prisons,

Jordan, PLO study economic formula

AMMAN (J.T.) — Coordination and cooperation between Jordan and Palestine in various economic

and Palestine in various economic matters were at the heart of discussion at a meeting held at the Prime Ministry Tuesday.

Co-chaired by Jawad Anani, minister of state for Prime Ministry affairs, on the Jordanian side and Mohammad Zuhdi Nashashibi on the Palestinian side, the meeting reviewed various banking activities, monetary matters, control ties, monetary matters, control over financial dealings, and com-mercial affairs between the two

A statement issued after the meeting said that the discussion aimed at reaching a common for-mula that would determine the Tuesday's meeting was

announced earlier this month by Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al

Attending the meeting on the Jordanian side besides Dr. Anani were Dr. Fayez Tarawneh, Jordan's ambassador to the United States, Central Bank Governor Mohammad Saeed Al Nabulsi, and Mohammad Saeedaf, and Ahmad Mango, advisers at the His Royal ess Crown Prince Hassan's

On the Palestinian side, the meeting was attended by Dr. Jawad Naji, director of economic affairs at the Palestine-Liberation Organisation (PLO), Al Tayeb Abdul Rahim, Palestinian ambassador to Jordan and Omar Khatib from the Palestine embassy in Am-

World needs 'peace education' - Majali

PARIS (Petra) — Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali Tuesday stressed the importance of introducing "peace education" as an alternative for the "war-oriented education," which has prevailed over the past 50 years.

'Addressing the annual United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) conference, Dr. Majali said 50 years of war education had brought about more suffering, hatred, grudge and lust for revenge.

Dr. Majali said educating

people on the merits of peace encourages peaceful dialogue and advances better understanding among the nations. Morever, he said, it can contribute to establishing peace

and security. He pointed out that peace is fostered and enhanced by re-

spect of rights and in this context he cited Jerusalem. Dr. Majali said Jerusalem was not just a piece of land or a mere occupied territory but rather the place where history and geography meet.

"It is the place that houses the holiest Islamic, Christian and Jewish shrines," Dr. Ma-jali said, recalling His Majesty King Hussein's call for inter-Islamic dialogue as an initial step towards crystallising a position to be followed by an inter-faith dialogue involving Christians and Jews to reach an agreement on the status of

Jerusalem and to shoulder their responsibility towards it. Dr. Majali said: "Nothing can prevent peace if the good-

will is there. Jordan's concept of peace, Dr. Majali said, is based on three major pillars: democracy and human rights, comprehensive security, which ushers in a safe and better future, and regional cooperation based on equality, and mutual respect.

Dr. Majali noted that the

education system cannot keep isolated from issues threatening human life.

He emphasised the need for new global education and

culture which can help sensitise people about global problems and enhance respect of peoples' rights to live in dignity. He noted that international concern about basic issues, in-

cluding the environment, the rights of children and women and human rights, lacks a common ethical floor and a common human behaviour. Therefore, anything short of a concerted international effort will not be able to bridge the ethical and behavioural gap be-tween human fears and desires and daily practices. Dr. Majali

He stressed the importance of education in human development, saying that it has become an inherent human right, and is no longer a luxury.

(Continued on page 5)

Liberals wipe out ruling **Canada**

TORONTO (Agencies) - In an election that rewrote the political map of Canada, Jean Chretien's liberals rolled to an unexpectedly strong victory and the separatist Bloc Quebe-cois emerged as the second

most powerful party.
Prime Minister Kim Campbell's Progressive Conservatives — who won stunning vic-tories in 1984 and 1988 under Brian Mulroney — crashed Monday, holding on to a mere two seats and leaving the party to tatters. Ms. Campbell could not even muster enough votes to retain her own seat.

In an equally stunning development, the Bloc Quebecois won enough support in French-speaking Quebec to squeak by the Reform Party, based in Alberta, to capture the privileged role of official opposition in the House of Commons

Voters in this country of 27 million turned to Mr. Chretien because he campaigned on a promise to deal with the No. 1 issue: Creating jobs to tackle Canada's 11.2 per cent unem-

When the political bloodletting was over early Tuesday.
Mr. Chretien's liberais had won 178 of the 295 seats in the Commons and assured themselves a majority government. The Conservatives had plunged from 155 seats to two. an unprecedented defeat. The Socialist New Democrats nearly matched them in ignominy. dropping from 43 seats to

eight.
The Bloc Quebecois, which campaigned only in Quebec, swept up 54 seats, and the upstart Reform Party captured 52 seats, all but one of them in the west

"Tonight the political landscape of Canada has been significantly altered and a different political era has begun," declared Preston Manning, the leader of Reform, which had only one member of parliament before Monday's elec-

The Conservative defeat was (Continued on page 5)

Disarrayed Jordanian leftists find themselves in a corner

By Lamis K. Andoni FOUR YEARS after the

1989 democratisation process began, the historically leftist and pan-Arabist opposition groups find themselves up egainst heavy odds: They will contest the Nov. 8 elections with much less support and votes than that of either the Islamists or even the traditional, independent candidates. The chances of "secular

opposition" are weakened by a state of disarray in their ranks and the introduction of the one-person, one-vote law, which is expected to tip the balance in favour of conservative traditionalists in the country's first multi-party elections since 1956.

The disadvantaged position of the leftist and pan-Arabist groups, which constitute more than half of the 20 registered parties, leaves the door wide open for the newly-formed right-of-centre parties, which derive support mainly from tribal and traditional structures, to emerge strongly on the political

In 1989, the left and left-ofthe-centre candidates who ran as individuals since political parties were still banned had to compete with a strong and organised Muslim Brotherhood, but were nevertheless able to win 14 seats in the 80-member par-One difference in this time

around is that the leftists and pan-Arabists, who are now organised in political parties. will face an unprecedented organised movement representing tribal affiliations. This movement is viewed as a force that aims at preventing the liberalisation process from undermining its pretrious and influential status in the system.

For while the leftist and pan-Arabist parties will be effectively trying to find a bigger role within the system which marginalised them or

kept them as outsiders for at least three decades, the conservative parties represent groups that have strong influence and are entrenched in the system.

ANALYSIS

"The new conservative parties do not need new structures or even membership to ensure support because they rely on traditional structures and tribal affiliations, other than their strong influence within the system." said one analyst.

Another difference between the traditionalists, on one hand, and the leftist pan-

Arabist-parties on the other, is that while the first have adapted themselves to the new programme of political liberalisation, by organising their ranks in political parties in order to enhance their already influential role, the latter had suffered serious political and organisational splits since the democratisation process started.

In fact most of the current leftist and pan-Arabist par-ties are splinter groups of previously clandestine parties whose ideological platforms have been shaken, if not shattered, by the collapse of communism, the decline of pan-Arabism and difficulties

associated with the transformation from underground groups to legal parties. Their position was further

complicated by the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)-Israel accord, which forced them to oppose the policy of an organisation when they had strongly sup-Activists argue that the lef-

tists, pan-Arabists and even the left of centre independent candidates would stand better chances if the electoral law encouraged competitions based on political affiliations and platforms.

The electoral law is repeatedly criticised for its ampli-

fication of minority and tribal affiliations and influence instead of promoting political orientations and platforms.

The introduction of the one-person, one-vote system has prompted the leftist parties to fall back on more traditional and tribal structures in an effort to boost the chance of their candidates by combining social influence and tribal affiliations with political platforms.

One potentially positive impact of the one-person, one-vote voting pattern, however, is that it could lead to serious considerations of

(Continued on page 5)

Opening Tomorrow!

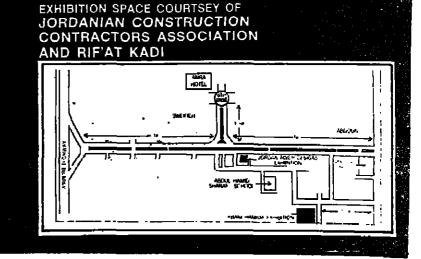
Thursday, 28 October thru Friday, 5 November 1993

10 a.m. - 9 p.m. daily

sponsored by For information Tei.: 658696

Under the Patronage of Her Majesty Queen Noor Al-Hussein JORDAN S





Turks extend emergency rule in Kurdish regions

ANKARA (Agencies) — Turkey's highest policy-making body has decided in favour of extending the state of emergency imposed in the southeast seven years ago in response to the insurgency by Kurdish separatists.

"The National Security Council has decided to advise the government to prolong the emergency rule for a further four months from Nov. 19," said a statement carried by the semi-official news agency Anatolia.

The council, which groups both political and military leaders, met under President Suleyman Demirel for nearly five hours to discuss the escalating insurgency by the Kurdish Labour Party (PKK)

The government almost al-ways adopts its recommendations on the insurgency. Parliament must also approve them. Armed forces chief General

Dogan Gures told reporters after the meeting that martial law would not be required in the southeastern provinces. Nearly 7,600 people have

been killed on both sides since the PKK launched its guerrilla campaign for a Kurdish state in the southeast in 1984. The death rate seems to be rising. In one of an the latest inci-

dents, Kurdish rebels raided a village in mountainous eastern Turkey, herded peasants into a square and killed at least 35.

Anatolia reported. Anatolia said 15 guerrillas took part in the raid on the settlement of Yavili in Erzurum province Monday night. At least 50 people were wounded,

it added. Quoting security officials, Anatolia said the guerrillas shouted Kurdish slogans before the shooting. The gunmen

The victims included women, children and old peo-

In another incident, PKK gunmen raked the occupants of a passenger bus with automatic weapons fire near Erzurum on Monday night, killing four people and injuring 12.

On Sunday a Paris group close to the PKK said Turkish troops had killed 380 Kurdish civilians in the town of Lice since Friday.

The pro-PKK newspaper Ozgur Gundem said troops flattened the town with tank and artillery fire.

Brigadier-General Bahtiyar Aydin, commander of Diyarbakir's paramilitary gendar-merie forces, was killed during

He was the highest-ranking Turkish officer to die in the war between the PKK and the security forces. Turkey lifted a three-day

curfew from Lice, Anatolia In the fighting erupted last, toll.

Ministry says crime increases in S. Arabia

ficking, murders, rapes, kid-nappings and thefts increased in Saudi Arabia last year despite government efforts to fight crime, according to a report released by the Interior Ministry.

The report said thefts had increased 78 per cent in 1992 over the number reported in 1991. It said there was a 34 per cent increase over the same period in rape and other sexual crimes such as adultery, homosexualty and child molestation.

The report, while trying to play down the increase in crime, said that Saudi Arabia has succeeded in limiting it due to the strict adherence to Shar-

The kingdom rules by Sharia, which prescribe beheading for some criminals, cutting off the hands of thieves and stoning adulterers. Since 1987, drug smugglers and traffickers also face beheading. The penalty was applied to those crimes in an effort to curb the phenomenon that has spread with the oil boom.

No statistics on beheadings were given in the report. The Interior Ministry suggested that some of the increase in crime might be tied to the growing expatriate labour force. A census conducted by the kingdom last year estimated the number of expatriates in the kingdom at 4.6

RIYADH (AP) - Drug traf- million. The total population is 16.9 million.

Francois Mitterrand

Paris may

repatriate

nationals

from Algeria

PARIS (Agencies) — President François Mitterrand has

said France was examining

the possibility of repatriating

its citizens from Algeria fol-

lowing the kidnapping of three

employees from its consulate and the killing of two others.

The foreign ministry said earlier that the French com-

munity in Algeria has been

advised to strengthen security

after the weekend kidnapping

of three diplomatic employees.

the France-2 network, said re-

patriation was a difficult option

that would cast a shadow on

the future of Franco-Algerian

Asked what could be done

to ensure the safety of the

25,000 French nationals in

Algeria, Mr. Mitterrand said:

"It's a decisive method of

action but one which would

cause infinite problems. Are

we going to be absent from

Algeria? We are talking about

this with the Algerian govern-ment." A further 50,000 peo-

ple in Algeria have French

papers but the vast majority

are dual French and Algerian

Because of France's close

ties with the former French

territory, Paris viewed the cur-

rent situation "as one of the

most difficult and dramatic we

have ever known," Mr. Mitter-

There has been no word on

the whereabouts of three

French consulate-general staff

who were on their way on their

rand said.

Mr. Mitterrand, speaking on

The ministry noted that some of the workers are brought in by sponsors illegally and later find themselves without jobs and resort to crimes. The report said that last year

more than 3,500 drug-related cases were reported, a 4.5 per cent increase over the same period in 1990-91. More than 5,600 persons were accused in drug related offenses, it said. During the year, over 14

million kilogrammes of illegal drugs were seized by customs officials, a 2.2 per cent rise over the previous year, it said. The report detailed the types of drugs seized, such as hashish, opium, heroin, cocaine,

and kat - a chewed narcotic

grown mainly in neighbouring The number of drug pills smuggled into the country also increased more than 18 per cent over the previous year. The pills were mostly ampheta-

mines and seconal. Police authorities caught more than 25,000 criminals last vear, an increase of seven per cent over the previous year. The report said that 37 per cent of the criminals were expatri-

It said there were 9,000 theft cases in 1992, a 78 per cent increase over the previous year. Car thefts topped the list, followed by burglaries of

There are radical measures. The government is already Thais accuse U.S. of lack of help on Libya shelter charge thinking about bringing home all the French who would want

BANGKOK (R) - The United States has warned Thailand that Thai companies are now the principal foreign contractors involved in building chemical weapons plants in Libya, according to American and Thai officials.

A report on Tuesday in the New York Times said a Thai company had acknowledged it designed and was overseeing construction of two large tunnels in Libya to be used as "civilian bomb shelters" and had been asked to design three similar ones. The Times quoted American

officials as saying the two tun-nels were being built for the production and storage of nerve gas and other chemical weapons.

Senior Thai officials said on-Tuesday the United States had not provided evidence to help them investigate the charge.
"U.S. officials claimed to

have information about Thai

chemical plants in Libya but they failed to provide us with the evidence or information, a senior government official, who asked not to be named, told Reuters.

He said Bangkok had no independent information about the alleged Thai involve-

The official said a councillor of the American embassy in Bangkok had verbally in-formed the Thais that Washington had information about 200 Thai workers building a chemical weapons plant but almost two months later had not fulfilled a promise to send officials to cooperate on the matter.

"Without evidence to prove that those workers are involved in working in a chemical plant, we can do nothing to bring them back or to end the allegedly illegal work," he

Earlier this month Thai

Thai construction-firm owner on charges of illegally sending workers to Libya to build giant underground shelters that the U.S. intelligence community suspected were for chemical weapons production.

Friday when rebels who infil-

trated the town and dug in to

surrounding hills attacked

military and government build-

Quoting Diyarbakir Gov-ernor Ibrahim Sahin, the agen-

cy said 13 people, including the

general, died in the fighting

and 34 people were wounded.

Anatolia said security forces

searching the town house by

house had detained 74 sus-

news agency based in Germany

had claimed over the weekend

that hundreds of civilians had

been killed by Turkish tanks.

houses and 240 shops had been

damaged in the fighting. The

heaviest damage was to the

garrison headquarters and offi-

It quoted the governor as promising state aid for people

whose houses or shops were

The fighting, among the heaviest in the decade-long

Kurdish insurgency, triggered

the replacement of interior and

defence ministers in a cabinet

Over 8,000 people have died

since the PKK launched a

guerrilla war in 1984 for self-

rule in the Kurdish-dominated

southeast. Intensified fighting

over the past year has

accounted for a quarter of the

reshuffle on Sunday.

cial buildings, it said.

Anatolia said about 400

The pro-guerrilla Kurd-Ha

pected insurgents.

Viroj Sakulmutita was arrested on Oct. 14 at the office of his W M Co in the northern city of Chiang Mai on the orders of Prime Minister Chuan Leekpai and Interior Minister Chavalit Yongchaiyudh.

The commander of the police's crime suppression division, Major-General Luan Parnrosthip, told reporters he ordered the arrest after U.S. intelligence told the Foreign Ministry it believed the shelters were to be used for producing chemical weapons.

Police said Mr. Viroj admitted that about 60 Thais were helping his company construct underground "bomb shelters" in Libya but said he had never

work there. He said that he had been contracted through a Libyan firm to design and build the shelters for the Libyan government and that work had begun about two years ago. Each shelter, 15 metres wide and 110 metres long, was buried 50

below a mountain. Police quoted Mr. Viroi as saying he had been visited by a U.S. official he suspected of being an agent of the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) and asked about his business in

metres underground, usually

They said he considered the project an honest job for his firm, which builds condominiums in Thailand. He said it did not violate Thai law and how the shelters were used was not his concern.

The Thai government should feel proud that a Thai company was able to do such difficult work overseas, police quoted quoted Mr. Viroj and other Thai contractors as saying 25,000 Thais were working in

Libya. Mr. Viroj was released on bail on Oct. 15 and was unavailable for comment on Tuesday.

Libya cuts itself off

Libya cut itself off from the rest of the world Tuesday as a mark of mourning for victims of Italian colonial rule, the official news agency JANA re-

Libva's international tele-

Meanwhile the Libyan embassy in Rome asked the Italian authorities to pay compensation for the period of colonial rule from 1911 to

Thai officials on Tuesday

ported.

communications were suspended at 6:00 a.m. (0500 GMT) and were not due to be restored until 6:00 p.m. (1700

way to work when they were captured. A foreign ministry spokesman said the French ambassador summoned representatives

of French companies working in Algeria to remind them security instructions. He did not say whether the embassy had recommended

that French nationals send relatives home. Algerian authorities have

vowed to make every effort to free the French nationals and thwart attacks. The government blames the attacks on Muslim fundamentalists who are stepping up their campaign to turn the country into an Islamic state.

Two Frenchmen were kidnapped and killed in west Algeria last month and last week three foreigners working for an Italian company building a pipeline were also killed.

Families of expatriate staff working for foreign firms, some of which have operated in Algeria for 20 years or so, disclosed that they had been told by their employers to leave, though neither diplomatic sources nor company management would officially con-

firm the move. Muslim fundamentalists have been waging a bloody campaign against the authorities since the army intervened to cancel elections in January 1992 which the Islamic Salva-tion Front had been poised to

NEWS IN BRIEF

Hamas denounces Indian attacks in Kashmir

AMMAN (AFP) - A Palestinian group Monday denounced Indian army attacks last week which killed 51 Muslim demonstrators in Kashmir. In a statement received by AFP in Amman, the Islamic Resistance Movement Hamas said it "condemns the savage attack and random shooting of Muslim civilians, which constitute an attack on all the world's Muslims." Hamas, a powerful hardline force in the occupied territories, called on the Indian government to "stop these attacks on Muslims, lift the siege imposed on their mosque and recognise their right to self-determination." The group is opposed to peace with Israel and claimed responsibility for killing two Israeli soldiers on Sunday. India slapped down a curfew on Kashmir after last Friday's violence, when soldiers killed 51 demonstrators who were trying to march towards a mosque where some 50 radicals remain holed up.

Amnesty warns West against expelling Afghans

LONDON (AFP) — The human rights watchdog Amnesty International on Tuesday warned Western governments about refusing political asylum to Afghan refugees. Amnesty said Afghans forced to return to the Islamic state of Afghanistan which supplanted former President Najibullah's communist regime in April 1992 "could become the target of serious human ights violations." Governments in Europe, North America and other countries "appear to be ignoring the appalling human rights situation in Afghanistan and hundreds of Afghan asylumseekers are at risk of being forcibly returned," Amnesty said.
"Many governments are labouring under the illusion that the change of government in Afghanistan has eliminated the risks that Afghan asylum seekers fear, when in reality new groups have been targeted for arbitrary arrest, rape and even death." It said one Afghan had been forcibly returned to Kabul from Denmark, so upsetting other Afghan asylum seekers there that they went on hunger strike. Canada was also considering deportations. Amnesty said. "Many Afghan asylum seekers could become the target of serious human rights violations if forcibly returned, and governments must take responsibility for protecting them.

King Hassan consults on new government

RABAT (R) - King Hassan of Morocco conferred on Monday with leaders of four centrist parties to discuss formation of a new government, a palace statement said. The statement said he told them of a proposal he made to leaders of four opposition parties riday when he invited them to join the next government. Opposition parties have said they would hand the king a memorandum replying to his invitation. A spokesman said a decision would be taken during a series of joint meetings which began in Rabat Monday. King Hassan has said he will form a government based on the parliamentary majority but legislative elections held this year produced a hung parliament. The centre-right parties received by the king had an absolute majority in the previous chamber of representatives, but this time round they have only 154 out of the 333 seats. They are the Constitutional Union (UC), the rural-based People's Movement and its rival the National People's Movement, and the National Democratic Party (PND). Four opposition parties, the oldguard Nationalist Istiqial Party, the Socialist Union of People's orces (USFP), the Party of Progress and Socialism (PPS) and the Organisation for Democratic and Action (OADP), won 122

Syrian warships fire missiles in exercise

DAMASCUS (AP) - Syrian naval vessels fired missiles at practice targets in the Mediterranean on Monday as part of a training excercise. Syria's official news agency said the participating warships fired missiles that hit targets meant to simulate enemy vessels on the high seas. The excercise was observed by Minister of Defence Mustafa Tlas, deputy Chief of Staff All Asian and a number of army officers, the news agency said.

Mubarak finds car door locked

WASHINGTON (AP) - When it came time for President Bill Clinton to show his guest the door, it would not open. Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak, leaving the White House after a meeting, a news conference and lunch, shook hands with Mr. Clinton and walked the red carpet to the waiting limousine. But his door was jammed or locked shut. A U.S. Marine jerked the door handle again and again, before getting help from a White House aide. Mr. Mubarak finally walked around the limousine and entered the other side. Pointing to the jammed door and laughing, Mr. Clinton said jokingly, "At least you're safe in there. Nobody can get in there." It was a tense day for security personnel. Aware that Mr. Mubarak may be a target for foes of Middle East peace, U.S. officials ordered extraordinary security measures. Concrete barricades closed Pennsylvania Avenue of to traffic in front of the White House and extra police rimmed the area. Pedestrians could not walk on the sidewalk outside the White House while Mr. Mubarak was arriving and leaving, as they usually do. Mr. Clinton said the extra caution was "at a level we thought was appropriate because of all the obvious tensions that surround the whole Middle East peace process.' He did not say whether a specific threat prompted the increased security. "We consider President Mubarak a valuable asset," the president said. "We just wanted to go out of our way to make sure that he felt secure here in our nation."

Sweden supports Norwegian protest at Iran

STOCKHOLM (AFP) — The Swedish foreign ministry called in Iran's ambassador to Stockholm Monday to add its voice to a Norwegian protest over the death sentence passed against British author Salman Rushdie. Hossein Panahiazar was told Sweden believed a call to kill the author over his allegedly blasphemous novel "The Satanic Verses" was unacceptable Stockholm called on Tehran to distance itself from the religious decree pronounced in 1989 by Iran's late spiritual leader, Ayatollah Khomeini, calling for Mr. Rushdie's death and to take steps to ensure the sentence was not carried out.

140 / 80 3407250 2807 200

620

Battle Somali-style is all in the family

By Michelle Faul The Associated Press

MOGADISHU — Women shrieked with joy and jigged a victory dance and children clapped in delight as the teenager's bullet found its mark Monday. A man fell 100 metres up the road.

"Come here, come here, we want to see you" one woman taunted, pulling a pink veil from her head and flicking it with a bullfighter's flourish towards incoming gunfire. Going into battle Somali-

style involves the entire fami-

ly. Monday's fight was between two of the extended "families" in the Hawiye clan: Mohammad Farah Aideed's Habre-Gedir and archrival Ali Mahdi Mohammad's

Behind Mogadishu's bombed-out library, dozens of veiled girls and women, toothless old women and agile white-haired men followed teenage fighters to-wards the dividing green line that Mr. Ali Mahdi's people were trying to cross into General Aideed's territory.

Crackles and booms electrified the air as the two sides exchanged dozens of rounds from Soviet-made AK-47 assault rifles, American M-16s and SAR-80s, and the rocket-propelled grenades that are a favoured weapon

The group, perhaps 60 members in all, paused for a moment then continued towards the shooting, one man holding the hand of a boy who looked no older than

"We are not fighting them. We don't want to create trouble. We are only acting in self-defence," said a clan elder, Abdullyadir Sheikh Ali, as he scrambled over the rubble from an earlier battle. The group advanced, clinging to the sides of a wall. The pink-shrouded woman took cover, behind a large

tree trunk, peered out to select a target, then yelled directions to the teenage son crouched at her feet, his eve glued to the sights of an M-16.

Girls moved from tree to tree, offering the gunmen water from plastic jugs. They urged one young man

to fire a rocket-propelled grenade. Self-importantly, he cleared the space behind him, then let fly with a deafening The girls grabbed each

other and danced in a circle. Other children clapped. Kids then started a new game, egging each other on to sprint across the street in

defiance of the snipers.

They squealed with laughter while women chattered excitedly and men shouted the gunshots.

orders, making almost enough noise to drown out Two U.S. army helicopters, a Black Hawk and a

Cobra, droned overhead,

surveying the fighting but fol-

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 30, Agaba 36, Humidity readings:

Amman 23 per cent. Agaba 42 pe

USEFUL TELEPHONE

NUMBERS

NIGHT DUTY

ad Al Khalili 27775

lowing U.N. orders that for-bid them to intervene in clan clashes unless troops are in danger.

The presence of women and children in the raucous street battles presents problems for the U.N. peacekeeping force. Some have been used as shields on the front lines. "Certainly that's a consideration that the UN-OSOM (U.N. Operations in Somalia) troops have been faced with for sometime," said Captain Tim McDavitt of New Zealand, a U.N. spokesman.

Woman have also been used to smuggle arms, which they hide under their volumi-nous robes. The U.N. force includes thousands of Muslim soldiers, who refuse to search females.

In Monday's fight, six girls sitting under a tree a couple hundred metres from the shooting broke into song: "Aideed don't tire. Your people are behind you. You

will be king."
They flirted with 16-yearold Omar Mohammad Jimale as he took a break, his arms drooped casually over the rifle stretched across his shoulders.

> "We're going to teach them a real lesson this time," An older man looked at a journalist and shrugged. "They are not serious. This

is just boys playing with their guns," he said, recalling tank battles in the three-year civil war that devastated Mogadishu's centre, including the national theatre and, across the way, the national museum of Somalia with its graceful arches. At the intersection, a bul-

let hit a young boy, maybe nine or 10 years old, in the leg. People stopped only long enough to get the child into a car and off to the hospital. Then the kids went back to playing their game, and the snipers resumed theirs.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

PROG	RAMME TWO
17:30	Ordv
18:00	Ordy
	News in French
	Le Journal De L'Histoire
19:30	News in Hehrew
20:00	News in Arabic
20:30	Head of the Class
21:10	Viewpoint 92
22:00	News in English A Woman Named Jackie
22:20	A Woman Named Jackie

PRAYER TIMES

11:20	Fajr Sunrisc I Duha
14:27 16:56	'Asr Maghreh
	CHURCHES
St. M	ery of Nazareth Church Sweifieh.

St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 neta Church Tel: 622,366

Anglican Church Tel. 630851. Tel. Armenia 771331. 775261. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. International Church Tel. 652526 Scal Lutheran Church Tel: Evangel K2432K. German-speaking Evangelical Congregation Tel: 684195 The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tel. 654932

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology.
There will be a gradual drop in temperatures with clouds appearing at different altitudes. There will be a chance for scattered showers and winds will be southeasterly moderate. In Aqubu, it will be partly cloudy with a chance for scattered showers, Winds will be southerly moderate and seas

calm.	y incocrate and sea
A	Min./Max. temj
	23 /3
Deserts	
Jordan Valley	20 / 3-

ch of Nazarene Tcl.675691.

	AMMAN: Dr. Ahmad Othman	7×63
	Dr. Adnan Zaghloul	#981
of	Dr. Fakher Al Bilbeisi	6634
	Dr. Yousef Abdo	6049
	Fires pharmacy	
in	Fording phoening	1001 7 TWT
al	Ferdows pharmacy	//62
	Al Asema pharmacy	D3/N
а	Nairoukh pharmacy	6236
ds	Al Salam charmucy	6367
la	Yacoub pharmacy	6444
a	Charcianti charmacu	6376
dş:	Shmeisani pharmacy Nairoujh pharmacy	6776
es:	Manoujii priaritiacy	, U.S.
92	Najib pharmacy	64/0
	IRRID:	

EMERGENCIES

	Food Control Centre 637111
	Civil Defence Department 66111
	Civil Defence Immediate
_	Rescue
	Civil Defence Emergency 195
	Rescue Police 192, 621111, 637777
	Fire Brigade 891225
)	Blood Bank 775121
2	Highway Police 843402
	Traffic Police
•	Public Security Department 63032
	Hotel Complaints 605800
•	Price Complaints
	Water and Sewerage
:	Complaints 897467
(Ammas Municipality
	Complaints
•	Telephone Information
,	(directory assistance)
•	Overseas Calls
	Central Amman Telephone
	Paris Aumen I cicpnone
7	Repairs 623101
,	Abdali Telephone Repairs 66 10
	Jordan Television 77311
_	Radio Jordan
}	Water Authority 680100

Jordan Electricity Authority ... 815615 Electric Power . 636381 RJ Flight Information 08-53200 Queen Alia Intl. Airport..... 08-53200

HOSPITALS Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn ... 644281/6 Akilch Maternity, J. Amn.... 642441/2

Jabal Amman Maternity	64236
Malhas, J. Amman	63614
Palestine, Shmeisani	. 664171
Shricisani Hospital	6691
University Hospital	84584
University Hospital	. 667227
The Islamic, Abdali	666127/3
Al-Ahli. Abdali	. 664164
Italian, Al-Muhaireen	777101
Al-Bashir. J. Ashrafich,	775111/2
Army.§Marka	891611/
Queen Alia Hospital	602240/
Amal Hospital	67415
ZARQA:	
Zarqa Govt. Hospital	09)98332
Zarga National Hospital (09)90050
llm Sina Hospital	09)9867.
Al Hikma Modern Hospital	. (09)9909

Princess Haya Hospital .. (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA**

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified. ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

,	
66:36 Dr	ıbai, Abu Dhabi (R.
69:60	Jeddah (R.
89:10	Larmaca (R.
	London (R.
	Frankfurt (R.
	ork, Amsterdam (R.
17-75	istanbul (R.
17.20	Brussels, Paris (R
10.18	OTVESCIS, PATIS (K.
18:10 M	ontreal, Toronto (R. Madrid, Geneva (R.
19:18	Madrid, Geneva (R

18:46 Rome (RJ)	17:45 Abu Dhabi, Karachi (Pl)
Other Flights (Terminal 2)	HUAZ RAILWAY TRAIN
95:45 Dubai (AZ) 19:30 Jeddah (SA) 19:39 Sanaa (IY) 12:20 Cairo (MS) 12:30 Sharqah, Doba (GF) 16:45 Karachi, Damascus (PI) 19:45 Beirut (ME) 28:10 Vicana (QS)	Dep. Assesse
21:45 Larnaca (CY) DEPARTURES	Apple

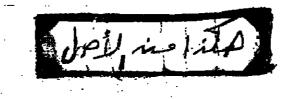
09:30	Rome (I
10:15	Amsterdam, New York (
{0:30	Berlin London (
10:50	Berlin, London (i Tunis, Casablanca (i
11:46	
19:30	Colombo (I
19-45	Aqaba, Cairo (I
28-06	
30.10	Riyadh (1
20:10	New Delhi (I
28.50	Aden (I
21:09	Calcutta, Bangkok (
22:45	Sanga (1
	er Flights (Terminal 2

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

(Terminal 1)

0:39 Berlin, London (RJ)	Clementine 250 / 200
U.50 Tunis, Casablanca (R.!)	Cucumbers (large) 130 / 90
1:40 Istanbul (R.1)	Cucumbers (small)
9:39 Colombo (RJ)	Eggplant 250 / 200
9:45 Aqaba, Cairo (RJ)	Cordia
9:00 Riyadh (RJ)	Garlic 900 / 600
OH Nam Call (C)	Grapes 550/350
0:16 New Delln (R.I)	Grape Fruit 200/150
9:39 Aden (RJ)	Quava 381 280
1:09 Calcutta, Bangkok (RJ)	Lemon
2:45 Sansa (RJ)	Lemos
	· MUTOW (SMBI)
Other Flights (Terminal 2) .	Mulukhia 300 / 200
	Olives (green) 580/300
6:05 Rome (AZ)	Onion (dry) 240 / 180
8:15 Beirut (MF)	Pepper (hot)
List Sansa (IV)	Desper (august)
2:99	Pepper (sweet)
3015	Potato
3:30 Abu Dhabi (GF)	Spineth 200

Carrot



Jerman education, science minister arrives for talks with officials

deral Minister of Education id Science Rainer Ortleb arved in Amman Tuesday for lks on promoting education, scientific and cultural coop-

The German embassy here id that Professor Ortleb will eet with Minister of Planning

ad Fariz, the acting Minister Higher Education, Royal ientific Society (RSS) Presint Ham Mulki, University of rdan President Fawzi Gharbeh, Senator Najib Al Rashn and members of the found-g committee of the Centre r the Study of Freedom emocracy and Human

According to an embassy ficial, there are at least 3,000 rdanian students, the largest ch group from any Arab untry, currently studying at erman universities.

Each year, said the official, ermany grants 18 to 20 schorships to graduates from rdanian universities to conue their studies in Germany d offers short term visits to rdanian scientists and resear-

MMAN (J.T.) - German chers to work at German research centres and laborator-

> He said the scholarships are offered through the German Fund for Academic Exchange Services (DAAD).

> In addition, students excelling in German language courses at the University of Jordan and Yarmouk University are granted tours of German cultural centres. Apart from talks with Jorda-

> nian officials. Professor Ortleb plans to visit the RSS Mechanical Design and Engineering Department, which was partially set up with German aid in the late 1970s.

He will also visit the Jordan Centre for Veterinary Vac-cines at Yajouz which was established with German fund-

Professor Ortleb's four-day visit will include a trip to Petra, added the official.

The German minister, who came to Jordan following a visit to Kuwait, received his doctorate in Technical Sciences from the University of Ros-



Rainer Ortleb

He was the last chairman of the Liberal Democratic Party of Germany (LDPD) and the Federation of Free Democrats (BFD), and a member of the Volkskammer in former East Germany.

Professor Ortleb has served in his current ministerial post

Scholar sees PLO-Israel accord leading to a Palestinian state

Crown Prince says Gaza- Jericho plan is first step

AMMAN (Petra) — Saeed Najjar, President of Al Nidaa Al Jaddid Society in Egypt, Tuesday said that the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)-Israel accord signed in Washington on Sept. 13 was a new beginning that would eventually lead to the creation of a Palestinian state.

Speaking at an Arab Thought Forum (ATF) meeting in Amman, which began Monday, Dr. Najjar said the dynamism of the peace process, together with the interests of the concerned parties, would speed up the con-clusion of a peace settlement along all the Israeli-Arab tracks.

Should this happen it would result in a comprehensive peace that would require ending the Arab boycott of Israel, added Dr. Najjar in his working paper presented

to the meeting.
Following the termination of the boycott, there will be trade exchanges, but these would have to be conducted on equal terms and in accordance with the provisions of international laws governing such trade, and depend on the power of competitiveness of goods, Dr. Najjar said.

Fears of Israeli hegemony or Jewish funds dominating the Arab economy as a result of free investments in the



His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan chairs the second and final day of an Arab

Thought Forum meeting of Arab and Jordanian intellectuals and politicians (Pet-

region are groundless since the Israelis lack the capital to achieve this goal, Dr. Najjar

Referring to future regional economic cooperation, Dr. Najjar said it would follow the pattern of the free trade system applied in Europe, and there could be arrangements for a unified customs system similar to that currently applied by the members of the European Community (EC).

But he said that many difficulties exist concerning a future free trade zone because of the disparity in economic development between Israel

and many Arab countries. Such difficulties, he continued, require that the first step be the development of Palestinian-Israeli economic relations, followed by de-

ra photo) velopment of economic links. has made a major contribubetween Palestine and Jor-

dan in a second stage.

Commenting on Dr. Naj-jar's paper, His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan. who chaired the meeting. said the PLO-Israel accord included the Gaza-Jericho first plan, which means that there will be a second, third and fourth step in a gradual movement towards the achievement of a just and

comprehensive peace. Prince Hassan said that financing of projects for development of the region should target the entire re-

Referring to Jordan's contributions, the Crown Prince said that by keeping the bridges open to the occupied West Bank since its occupa-

tion in 1967, the Kingdom

tion towards safeguarding the Arab character of Jerusalem. the West Bank and the Gaza

On ending the economic boycott of Israel, he said that perhaps an objective discussion of this issue could be the right approach towards a regional formula for economic

Prince Hassan said the boycott is a byproduct of the Arab-Israeli conflict, and after the conflict has been settled the boycott rules will be dealt with accordingly.

In a remark about the PLO-Israel accord, Prince Hassan said that political celebrations would not have any effect after a while, unless the accord is translated into an objective and practical economic formula.

King receives credentials of 9 new foreign envoys

MMAN (Petra) — His fajesty King Hussein Tues-ay received the credentials f nine new ambassadors to ordan. The new envoys are hmad Dastmalchian of an, Peter Robert Hinchclifof the United Kingdom, Al lasheimi Qaddouri of Algeri, Y.J. Dayananda of Sri anka, Ibrahim Kaba of iberia, Tishoma Toga Changa of Ethiopia, Sultan Bakir of Malaysia, Rafael Sinos of the Philippines and Muhtar Ould Mousa of Mauritania. Attending the ceremony, which was held at Raghdan Palace, were Royal Court Chief Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, King Hussein's advisor Yanal Hikmat and Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Talal Sataan Al Hassan.









ESCWA promotes statistical work

AMMAN (J.T.) — Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA) Executive Secretary Sabah Bak-jaji Tuesday said that because statistics play a major role in national, regional and interna-tional development, ESCWA seeks to help its 13 member states in promoting data gathering and analysis to attain that goal.

Addressing a fourth meeting in Amman by chiefs of statistical organs in the ESCWA region, Dr. Bakjaji said that more accurate statistics result in better plans and policies for development.

This fourth meeting aims at achieving further cooperation and coordination in statistical programmes among the countries of the region on the one hand, and between these countries and the Statistical Division of ESCWA on the other, said Dr. Bakjaji at the opening session of the three-day parley.

With a view to boosting the human resources involved in statistics, said Dr. Bakjaji, ESCWA plans training programmes for its member states' personnel and sufficient fundng for such programmes. Referring to the previous

three meetings, Dr. Bakjaji said that the work was vital to the Arab Nation. These meetings dealt with population and migrations, as well as with agricultural and environmental statistics and

national accounts, and statis-

tics related to women and households. ESCWA said in a statement Tuesday that the meeting will also review ESCWA's statistical division programme for 1994

WHAT'S ON **EXHIBITIONS**

☆ Exhibition of ceramics and coloured glass by artists Khalid Mahafzah and Basel Tarawneh at the Royal Cultural Centre.

Williams-Brown and por-traits by Ahmad Ismail at the Gallery Hotel Jordan Inter-Continental (8:00 a.m. - 7 p.m. daily except Friday). Art' exhibition by Iraqi artist Mukhallad Al Mukh-

tar entitled "Colours on Black Paper" at La Cas Exhibition Hall (5th Cir-☆ Photo and painting exhibition on environment at the

University of Jordan Exhibition Hall.

★ Art exhibition by artist Sabah Hadidi at the Orfali Art Gallery (Tel. 826932).

* Art exhibition entitled "The Spirit of the Youth" by artist Muhammad Al abham at the Baladna Art

* Art exhibition by artist Faronq Lambaz at the Alia Art Gallery.

☆ The Petra Exhibition --- a presentation of the activities of Jordanian and international institutions involved in archaeologicai, ethnographic and environmental research in the Petra region at the Royal Cultural Cen-

Art exhibition by artists Mahmond Taha and Sal-man Abbas at Ab'aad Art

★ Exhibition of etchings by Mohammad Omar Khalil at Darat Al Funun of the Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation in Jabal Luweibdeh. Also showing the permanent exhibition. Telephone 643251/2.

ورارة الاشغال العامة والابسكان دائرة العطادات الحكومتية MINISTRY OF PUBLIC WORKS & HOUSING





THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN Ministry of Public Works and Housing **Government Tenders Directorate**

Invitation to contractors for pre-qualification to construct Ras Al Naqab-Aqaba back road junction highway sections I & II

International contractors specialised in construction of roads and local contractors first class in the field of roads, are requested to contact the Government Tenders Directorate at the Ministry of Public Works and Housing, Amman, Jordan, to receive the preon forms and documents starting from Oct. 30, 1993, in accordance with the following terms:

1. Project Description

The construction works are divided into two separate contract packages.

Contract Package 1

The work comprises the construction, completion and maintenance of approximately forty three (43) kms (14 kms 4-lanes and 29 kms 2-lanes) of primary highway between station 14+250 and station 57+000. The highway traverses mountainous and rolling terrain and includes four bridges and one pedestrian underpass, drainage structures, earthworks, bases, pavement and all other miscellaneous items. This section will be partially financed

Contract Package 2

The work comprises the construction, completion and maintenance of approximately twenty eight (28) kms (17 kms 4-lanes and 11 kms 2-lanes) of primary highway between station 57+000 and station 85+165.166. The highway traverses mountainous and rolling terrain, includes drainage structures, earthworks, bases, pavement and all other miscellaneous items and widening and reconditioning of approximately twenty (20) kilometres of the old Agaba Road for the purpose of providing a detour during construction. This section will be partially financed by EIB.

2. Sources of Funding

1. The government of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan has applied for loans from the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, hereinafter referred to as the IBRD and the European Investment Bank, hereinafter referred to as EIB in various currencies towards the cost of the Third Transport Project and intends to apply a portion of the proceeds of these loans to eligible payments under the contracts for which this invitation for pre-qualification is issued.

The Ministry of Public Works and Housing (MPWH), hereinafter the employer, intends to pre-quality contractors for the following works under this project, Ras Al Naqab-Aqaba back road junction highway section I & II to be financed by IBRD & EIB in parallel.

3. Pre-qualification Documents

3.1 Interested eligible contractors may obtain the pre-qualification documents at the MPWH, the Government Tenders Directorate, P.O.Box 1220, Amman, Jordan, Tel: 668481, Fax 606751, against a non-refundable fee of JD 100 (US\$ 150). 3.2 Submission of completed forms (in duplicate) shall be at the office of Government Tenders Directorate/Ministry of Public Works and Housing at 1:30 p.m. Wednesday, December 15, 1993.

International contractors are encouraged to associate or sub-contract with local contractors for the purpose of carrying out this work as knowledge about local condition, language and price is essential in carrying out the works.

> General Director Eng. Basheer Al Jaghbeer

UNRWA chief denies card replacements are linked to refugees' compensation

By Elia Nasrallah

rdan Times Staff Reporter AMAN — UNRWA Affairs rector in Jordan Dennis own Tuesday denied that process of replacing lestinian refugee registration ds was connected to their ht to compensation accordto U.N. Resolution 194. UNRWA (the United Nans Relief and Works Agenbegan issuing the new cards t January, said Mr. Brown .o explained that the new ds contain the name of the ad of the family and the mber of dependents, inmation that was not specid on the old cards. Mr. Brown, who was speak-; at an Amman Rotary Club

cheon at the Jordan Inter-

ontinental Hotel, said "the

compensation."

"As soon as the agency started replacing the cards, many refugees assumed that the new cards, were connected to compensation, but that is completely untrue," said Mr. Brown.

According to the UNRWA director, many people even began speculating on the amount of compensation.

Recent, completely unfounded rumours were that each family would receive \$50,000, or that each individual would receive \$10,000,"

"I did a simple mathematical calculation and found that the amount of money needed to compensate 1.8 million regue of compensation seems to istered refugees in Lebanon, in a frenzy in Jordan nowa- Syria and Jordan, based on

days and my office has been inundated with requests to update records in order to receive those figures, would be between \$10 and \$20 billion," continued Mr. Brown.

He said anyone who is aware of how difficult it was to secure the recent pledges by the donor nations in Washington for \$2.5 billion in aid will quickly realise that such sums of money are unrealisable.

Mr. Brown explained that according to U.N. Resolution 194 of December 1948, "refugees wishing to return to their homes and live in peace with their neighbours should be permitted to do so at the earliest practicable date, and that compensation should be paid for the property of those choosing not to return and for the loss or damage to property which, under principles of international law or in equity, should be made good by the

governments or authorities re-

He added that although there have been multilateral discussions on refugees held in Canada, Norway and Tunisia, these have not begun to define terms and numbers until more progress has been made on the bilateral track of the Middle

"Since neither the right of return nor compensation has occurred, UNRWA has been and will continue to carry out its task of providing education. health and relief services to the expanding refugee population now numbering 2.8 million," stressed Mr. Brown.

Asked about those who are considered Palestinian refugees, Mr. Brown said that according to the agency "refugees are Palestinians who had been resident in Palestine for two years preceding the

1948 Arab-Israeli war and who had lost their homes, and livelihoods as a result of that war, and their descendants, who settled in Gaza, the West Bank, Jordan, Syria and Leba-

He added that regardless of their place of residence. whether in refugee camps or in towns, and that they hold Jordanian passports, nothing changes their status as refugees. In a later remark, Mr.

Brown dismissed reports that the agency was planning to terminate services noting that the refugees' annual growth by about 3.5 per cent calls for the expansion of services and more efforts to increase donor contributions. He said, he believed it would take probably five years before matters become clear on a final settlement of the refugee problem. Asked about the agency's involvement in the ongoing peace process, Mr. Brown said that UNRWA has been taking part in the multilateral meeting on refugees in Tunisia and has recently been involved in expanded projects in the Gaza Strip, ahead of the implementation of the Gaza-Jericho first plan.

Mr. Brown said there are many difficult decisions ahead for the participants in the peace process, and in the end it will be impossible to please all the refugees.

He said one can only hope that for Jordan, which has "graciously hosted the largest group of refugees," there will be a fair solution and not one leaving the Palestinian residents feeling cheated and disappointed.

Jordan Times

Chairman of the Board of Directors:

MAHMOUD AL KAYED Director General:

MOHAMMAD AMAD

GEORGE S. HAWATMEH

Editorial and advertising offices: Jordan Press Foundation. University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171/6, 670141-4 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 661242

The, Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

Crisis over crises

IN AN article that appeared in the New York Times on Oct. 24, U.S. representative David McCloskey called on Secretary of State Warren Christopher to resign for "damaging (American) national interest" through his handling of "crises in the former Yugoslavia, Somalia, Russia and Haiti." Representative McCloskey is not an outsider, he is a Democrat and a mercoer of the House of Representatives Foreign Affairs Committee. However, the mismanagement of the U.S. foreign policy is not only a trait of the Democrats. Fact is they inherited most of what is at hand from the rival Republicans. And ever since the Americans blundered in Vietnam in the 1960s, their foreign policy, and especially their intervention in hot spots around the world, seems to leave behind only more conflict and crisis.

In Beirut in 1983, they came to make peace but left in disgrace. Ten years later, they are repeating the same mistake in the Horn of Africa. In between, there were Grenada, Panama, Iraq, Angola, Afghanistan...etc. Not only do these blunders harm U.S. interests, they also harm all those who come in touch with them. The Kurds and the Shiites of Iraq, for example, were promised moral and material support if they revolted against the regime, but were left

One would expect the Americans, the only superpower left on stage after the demise of the Soviet Union, to think carefully and clearly their post-cold war policies and base them on the ideals of their founding fathers, rather than stumble again and again like a clumsy giant.

in the cold afterwards.

se of Somalia is a good examp American intervention was welcomed by most world nations, even traditional critics of the U.S. It was hoped that such an intervention would put an end to the internal feud and misery of thousands of starving people. But soon the Americans and fellow troops in the U.N. peacekeeping mission started to make mistakes and the intervention turned bloody. Now the Americans say they want out; internal strife and fighting will resume.

Whether a replacement of the man who runs the U.S. foreign policy will improve the country's conduct abroad, we do not know. What we sincerely think should be done is for the U.S. to put its foreign policy act together and show quality of leadership as people expect from the most powerful and influential nation

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

AL DUSTOUR Tuesday said that the release of a limited number of Palestinian detainees was not enough to prove Israel's good intention. Of course, the move was designed as part of Israel's drive towards confidence-building and towards creating opportune climate for peace, in accordance to the recent PLO-Israel accord, said the paper. But it said that although this is a positive step to be taken by the Israeli government, it could be interpreted as a move that would keep the Palestinians and the Israelis apart, especially as Israeli official statements accompanying the release of the detainees were not encouraging at all. The PLO-Israel accord has left no excuse for Israel to keep holding the Palestinian detainees, particularly as the deal manifests the PLO's open recognition of Israel and vice versa, which, the paper said, means that the Israelis recognise the rights of the Palestinian people. The paper said that delaying the release of all the other detainees was bound to create new problems for the Palestinian and Israeli negotiators and would serve as a new source of tension between the two sides that could again trigger violence. Therefore, said the daily, the release of 700 detainees should be considered as a very limited move towards building confidence between the Israelis and Palestinians, requiring immediate and follow up steps designed to pave the ground for a lasting solution and peace.

A COLUMNIST in Al Dustour said that earthquakes, though unlikely to occur very often, should be given due attention and precautionary measure should be taken against them. We have ost a great deal in the past following the occurence of natural disasters, mainly because not much has been done in advance preparations to deal with the situation, said Mohammad Daoud. It must be said that the parties concerned with dealing with the consequences of earthquakes ought to make preparations for any eventuality and train emergency teams in advance so as to minimise loss of life, suggested the writer. It would not be useful to set up committees after the disaster has struck because precious time would be lost and people's live would be at stake, he added. The writer said that teams should be trained in evacuating threatened homes, ensuring safe places for the evacuees and ample food and clothing or tents should be made available in advance. It is also useful to form popular teams and train them to assist the official Civil Defence teams in catering to the needs of the victims of earth akes or any other natural disaster that might strike at any moment, suggested the writer.

A Muslim American doctor, Washington, DC and the U.S. health care debate

By Dr. James Zogby

The American political scene has come to be dominated by the issue of health care like no other issue in the past genera-tion. It has played an impor-tant role in U.S. politics for the past three years, and will for some time to come, but it is incredibly complex.

Dr. Mohammad Akhtar, a Pakistani American, is one of the leading medical professionals in the U.S. As commissioner of Public Health in Washington, DC, he has become an outspoken advocate in the American debate on health care.

Dr. Akhtar came to his post in 1991 from a distinguished career in medicine. After receiving his medical degree in Lahore, Pakistan in 1967, Dr. Akhtar came to the U.S. to finish his training. During the 1970s and 80s, he held major posts in the health departments in the states of Michigan and Missouri. Then, in 1987, he returned to his native Pakistan as principal of the College of Community Medicine in Lahore and also as chairman of that institution's Department of Public Health and Hospital Administration.

Dr. Akhtar returned to the U.S. in 1991 and was appointed by Washington's mayor to serve as commissioner of Public Health. In this capacity, he is responsible for safeguarding the health of the city's 650,000 residents, supervising its 1,700 health care employees and overseeing its budget of \$156 million.

Within a short period of time, Dr. Akhtar has made major innovations. He instituted a comprehensive school health project which placed nurses in every school and provided health services and education to the city's children. Dr. Akhtar also developed a five-year AIDS plan, a city-wide immunisation campaign to inoculate Washington's children against disease and has created mobile medical clinics to bring health care

services to the poorest neighbourhoods in the area.

Dr. Akhtar speaks passionately about the city of Washington (simply called DC" by most of its residents. of which I am one). DC provides a shocking case study in the health care crisis facing the

Like most major U.S. cities, there are two Washingtons. An affluent white part of the city, with the best hospitals, best doctors and people wealthy enough to afford health care. The other Washington, more than 60 per cent of the city, is desperately poor, largely black, with pressing problems of unemployment, drug abuse, violence, and rampant teenage

The result of these widespread social problems is a devastating health care crisis. 112,000 residents of the city (one-sixth of DC's total population) have no health insurance. They therefore cannot afford health care and do not seek it unless they become severely ill. Then they go to the overcrowded emergency rooms of the city's hospitals for concentrated care which they cannot pay for.

Another 100,000 DC residents are on medicaid - the nation's limited health care programme. They do receive treatment, 50 per cent of which is paid by the DC government and 50 per cent of which is paid by the federal government. The annual medicaid bill for the DC government is over \$300 million. After the running of the city itself, health care is the biggest industry in

Washington. As a result of poverty, poor health care, bad diets, drug abuse and teenage sex, the health care problems of the city's poor are overwhelming: high blood pressure, high rates of heart disease and cancer, the highest rate of death and injury through violence in the country and a shockingly high level of infant mortality and

ful index of the quality of health care in a country. The U.S.'s rate of eight to nine deaths per 1,000 live births is good, but not in the top 10 among the nations of the world. By comparison, the rate in DC is 20 deaths per 1,000 live births.

Dr. Akhtar notes that DC's problems are not unique. The health care crisis in New York, Chicago, Los Angeles and most major U.S. cities is very similar.

But DC's problems are different in one respect. All other cities with health care crises are in states where the state governments provide additional revenues to assist the poorer and more challenged cities. While Atlanta, for example, is as hard-hit by health care problems as is DC. Atlanta can be helped by the State of Georgia, which can provide revenues derived from taxing their cities' more wealthy suburbs.

DC, by contrast, is a city without state authority, and so it cannot make its own policy or raise adquate taxes because the residents of its suburbs live in other states. And so the city government of Washington faces serious problems.

Recently, Dr. Akhtar challenged the nation by proposing a comprehensive health care reform in DC. Calling President Bill Clinton's health care reform programme inadequate to meet Washington's needs, Dr. Akhtar proposed a more radical approach

The president's health care reform programme is based on what has been termed a "managed competition" model. In proposing his reform programme, the president was responding to what many Americans are convinced is one of our nation's most pressing problems. Consider the following:

--- 37,000,000 Americans do not have health insurance. 22,000,000 Americans have only partial health insur-

Every month 2,000,000

- 14 per cent of the entire gross domestic product (GDP) of the U.S. goes to pay for health care.

The president's goal in his reform programme was to reduce costs and provide universal coverage to all Americans. The "managed competition" approach creates large groups of buyers, so that instead of buying health insurance as a number of small groups, groups will be pooled together with the hoped-for result that costs will come down. In the president's system, every American will receive a 'health security card" and will be eligible to join one of the large groups buying health insurance. And those who can't afford to pay the group's pre-mium will be provided with the

support to do so. What Dr. Akhtar proposes for the city is what is called the 'single-payer" model of health insurance. Using this approach, Dr. Akhtar proposes that rather than competition, the government will create a single group insurance programme to which every citizen will belong. In this model, the government will take charge, regulate cost, guarantee service and reduce the 25 per cent administrative costs that are currently charged by the private insurance com-

Dr. Akhtar argues that by using the "single payer" model, DC will ensure that everyone will have the same access to health care and costs for the overall system will be lower.

While the president's plan does allow individual states (or, in this case, Washington, DC) to develop alternative models if they see fit, Dr. Akhtar's proposals generated significant press coverage during the past few weeks, putting him in the centre of the nation's health care debate.

Dr. Akhtar praises President Clinton for having raised the issue of health care and for putting a proposal before Congress. He feels, however, that the President's plan "has compromised too much" and, in any case, will not solve the desperate problems faced by

the city of Washington. Both Dr. Akhtar's proposal and that of the president have come under attack from the powerful medical and health insurance lobbies, together referred to as the health care lobby. Tens of millions of dollars are being spent on televi-sion advertising to defeat the president, and the lobby (which has also made tens of millions of dollar in campaign contributions in recent years) is putting pressure on Congress to stop any reform.

But Dr. Akhtar is made of solid stuff and he seems ready to face the challenge. It is important that this Muslim American is taking a leadership role. He is proud of his ethnic background and has played a leadership role among immigrant doctors in the U.S. For two years he served as the president of the American Colege of International Physicians. There are, as Dr. Akhtar says, 125,000 foreignborn doctors in the U.S. -25,000 of whom are Muslim.

He reports that he has faced discrimination in his life, but says: "everyone who first comes to this country faces it ... Irish, Jews, Arabs, Italians. They were all first met with resistance." The way this doctor dealt with the problem was "not to cry, but to prepare myself, to compete, be the best, and make it!"

Dr. Akhtar has advice for

his colleagues who are immigrants from other countries "Do not forget your native lands. he says, and he proposes a number of contributions they can make. First, they can send medical books, journals, and equipment back to hospitals in their countries. He also suggests that they can return for a time to their native countries as he did to Pakistan, to teach or provide care or to live for a short period of time and help

prepare the young for the pro-

fession of medicine.

Finally, he suggests that they should always look for ways, as he did, to synthesise the good in both countries' systems the American system and their native system - so as to help bring the best of both together. In fact, many of Dr. Akhtar's most interesting innovations in DC health care have come as a result of applying lessons he learned in Pakistan to the poor of Washington. Promoting the use of nurse midwives, training older women to become nurses' aids and instituting what Dr. Akhtar terms "culturally sensitive" health care are all ideas he imported from his experiences in Pakistan.

Mohammad Akhtar has already made a significant contribution to health care in the U.S: — and as the debate over reform continues, his contribution will only increase.

The writer is president of the Washington-based Arab. American Institute. He contributed this article to the Jordan

LETTERS

One for half

To the Editor:

The bad news is that none of the three women candidates who are vying for the parliamentary seats has a real chance of winning, I heard a trustworthy observer affirm. According to this person, the fact that the number of women who run for elections now has shrunk compared to last time from 12 to three is a strong indication that realism has finally prevailed over idealism. Women rights advocates, take note!

The good news, though, lies in the fact that those three candidates, representing half of the country's population, have unsisted to run against all odds. It is a clear sign of their hotal audacity, and rare courage. It aiso sends a message of deep significance to whoever is concerned.

This phenomenon can be looked at from three angles: 1. The woman in our society is living her golden age. Thanks to the man's guardianship, be he a husband, a father or a brother, the woman is a citizen who enjoys total autonomy as far as her civil, social and political rights are concerned. Therefore, there is no need for the woman to speak out, or for any other woman to speak for her or defend her, etc.

In other words, a woman does not trust the leadership of another woman (if there were such a leadership or a platform for it). The women did not vote for women last time, and they will not do it this time either! So if one or more women candidates could make it to the

Women do not tolerate or simpathise with other women.

Chamber of Deputies this time (still a very slim chance), it will be so due to the men's votes and not the trust of other women. The reason is simple: men can choose their candidates, but women's votes are sanctioned by their own obligations towards their husbands, fathers and brothers.

3. The woman is playing her social and educational role at its best through the family, which constitutes her main link to the broader society. Therefore, there cannot be a direct and practical rapport between, let us say, a married woman and public life.

A woman's natural place is at home, where she takes care of kids and attends to the domestic needs of the household! Surprises may arise and predictions might prove untrue, and there are some people who would like to bet on that. But if one of these women candidates win the race, it will prove, among other things, that perseverance can pay off and that the word despair exists in the minds of the weak only.

It will be an owesome historic scene to see a woman, elected, sitting under the dome of the House, amidst 79 equally elected men. That should make a lot of women rights advocates happy. Because half of the whole population of Jordan will be legally represented by this one deputy. The other half of the society will have needed the rest of the seats to be able to present its views.

Amman.

Deadly custom

the use of tobacco.

Chain smokers or heavy smokers are men or women who have failed to discipline their desires. An individual with undisciplined desires is a liability to his family and a risk to his environment and society.

Medical and insurance statistics reveal that mortality from

heart diseases, cancer, stomach ulcers, pneumonia and other major diseases among chain smokers is double the rate among non-smokers. Dr. Raymond Pearl of Johns Hopkins University once said: "Smoking is associated with definite impairment of longevity."

But the most annoying problem facing us today is the increasing number of road traffic accidents. This momentous problem can be solved or at least reduced to a minimum overnight if our authorities apply stricter measures regarding the health of our drivers using the roads. A simple test to measure the nicotine in the blood vessels of our licensed drivers will disclose and differentiate non-smokers from light smokers, from heavy smokers. Edison said: "Cigarette smoking has a violent reaction on the nerve centres, producing a degeneration of the cells of the brain. This degeneration is permanent. No one who smokes can work in my laboratories." So to live healthily and to an old age, one should renounce

George N. Saig,

The Jordan Times welcomes letters and contributions from its readers on any subject they wish to tackle. Letters intended for publication, however, should contain the writer's full mane and preferably address as well. Names can be withheld only upon request and under special circumstances. Letters are subject to editing. The newspaper is not responsible for the return of unused manuscripts.



Clinton's foreign policy battles far from over

The Associated Press

WASHINGTON — While a noisy debate rages on Capitol Hill, the Clinton administration and key allies in Congress are quietly examining what went awry in foreign policy and how to fix it.

Growing unhappiness over how the administration has handled crises in Haiti, Somalia and Bosnia has led to public and private calls for the dismissal of Secretary of State Warren Christopher and Defence

Secretary Les Aspin.
It's fair for the president to bring his secretary of state and his secretary of defence in and ask if they re really handling these situations in the best way possible," said Sen. Patrick Leahy, Democrat from Ver-

"There has to be a thoroughgoing reevaluation of policy." said Rep. Lee Hamilton, Democrat from Indiana, chairman of the House Foreign Affairs Committee. "I don't know for a fact that's occurring but it would seem to me it's

Mr. Leahy and Mr. Hamilton spoke at the end of an unusual sequence of events abroad and at home. A firefight in Somalia left 18 Americans dead. Angry Haitians forced a U.S. ship to turn away. And into the leadership vacuum stepped Congress,

riled and willing to take on the inexperienced president.
In the end, the White House

defeated efforts to tie Mr. Clinton's hands on military deployments. But last week's Senate votes were only a skirmish in what promises to be a long war over the conduct of U.S. policy abroad.

There are signs the administration realises more must be done to smooth out its handling of foreign policy. "At the highest levels of the administration, there is an understanding that they need to look very critically at their team to see if it needs improvements," said an administration official who insisted on anonymity.

Implied criticism of Mr. Christopher and Mr. Aspin from Mr. Leahy, a strong Clinton ally, undoubtedly weighs heavier with the president than recent public attacks on the two cabinet members from Rep. Frank McCloskey, Democrat from Indiana, and Sens. Alfonse D'Amato, Republican from New York, and Hank Brown, Republican from

Many friendly critics of the administration's foreign policy are also unhappy with Mr. Christopher and Mr. Aspin. While none is ready to join in public demands that they be fired, they are quietly suggesting to Mr. Clinton that he is not being well served by his

two most visible foreign policy advisers. The unease in Congress with the two cabinet officials crys-tallised shortly after the fire-

fight in Somalia. Mr. Christopher and Mr. Aspin went to Capitol Hill and briefed 200 members of the House and Senate. Their performance was criticised as muddled and meandering. Lawmakers who expected the two to spell out U.S. policy in Somalia were themselves asked what they thought it

should be. Despite the attacks on Mr. Christopher and Mr. Aspin. the likelihood is that any changes will be structural - a shuffling of organisational slots rather than changes in the people who fill them.

"The president is fully satisfied with his foreign policy team," said White House Press Secretary Dee Dee Myers. "He has great confidence in them and I don't expect to see any changes.'

Members of Congress concerned with foreign policy are telling Mr. Clinton that if he wants to avoid a series of similar confrontations, he must give foreign policy more of his

Mr. Hamilton said that when it comes to committing U.S. troops to places like Somalia or Haiti, "the president has to persuade a reluctant public to generate support."

Sen. Joseph Biden of Delaware, the second-ranking Democrat on the Foreign Re-lations Committee, said he doesn't blame Mr. Clinton's national security advisers for missteps on foreign policy as much as his political and domestic team.

Mr. Biden said Mr. Clinton

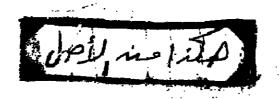
is restrained by domestic advisers who believe he can't afford to use political capital needed for such domestic issues as health care and the economy.

"If you don't see the president speaking out on this, then I think the president's foreign policy, no matter how wellconceived, is not likely to succeed," said Mr. Biden.

Sen. Mitch McConnell of Kentucky, a Republican who opposed attempts to place limits on Mr. Clinton's ability to deploy U.S. forces, said he hopes the recent foreign policy debate taught Mr. Clinton that "foreign policy comes with the iob. You have to be adequately engaged.`

Haiti, Bosnia and Somalia are just this year's crises, said Mr. Leahy, chairman of the Appropriations Subcommittee on Foreign Operations.

He said it's time for Congress and the administration to sit down quietly and say we haven't done a good enough job in the past and the stakes are too big for the future to just do business as usual,"



Snippets and tidbits from election 93

Misguided speeches, guided allegiances in the election districts

The 1993 elections campaign, serious as it appears, is not devoid of a light — sometimes funny side. There are tidbits about news, views and comments about the campaign that will appear (hopefully) every day in this corner until it is all over on Nov. 8. Humour is intended in the column,

in no way libel.

SOME CANDIDATES have found a trove they treasure and plan to use against the government. It is kept under lock and key until they will get the opportunity to reveal all in a press conference sometime this week. They claim that the government wants to rig the Nov. 8 elections but was foolish

mergers and unity among

So far, some parties have

forged tactical alliances in

some electoral districts in

support of the strongest

candidates that each party has, but there are no indica-

tions of genuine mergers.

The only exception is the

declared alliance between the

leftist Democratic Jordan

People's Party and the Jorda-

nian Democratic Popular

The alliance, which pro-

duced the Progressive List of candidates, is the first of its

kind since the mid-fifties,

when the National Front was

formed by leftist nationalists

to contest the elections and to

But most of the left re-

mains split. The government

ban on election rallies has

dealt a serious blow to the

leftists and pan-Arabists who

cannot compete with the con-servatives' ability to orches-

trate well-financed election

campaigns in the press and

host large functions for their

In the view of many activ-

the ban on the rallies have

deprived parties of the

chance of adequately contest-

ing the country's first multiparty elections since 1956 and

of an opportunity to increase

the level of organised popular

Senior officials in leftist

parties, conceed that the par-

ties have not been able to

wide their membership partly

because of the "phobia of

organised political work"

that has its roots in the pre-

democratisation era when members of political parties

The current election cam-

paign has revealed that four

years of liberalisation have

not yet succeeded in totally

breaking "the barrier of fear"

that resulted from decades of

banning organised political

activities, many activists and

One problem that faces

"the historical opposition" is

that it is still viewed and,

sometimes even treated, by

were persecuted.

analysts maintain.

participation.

unify the opposition.

parties that share similar poli-

tical ideas.

enough to leave tracks behind. The candidates claim that the government purposely allowed for the duplication of names in its lists of voters so that some of them would be able to cast their votes more than once. These people, the candidates claim, would cast their votes in favour of the candidates the government wants. The mistake the government made, the candidates add, is to give the later the computer discs which carry the list of voters and so enable them to reveal the attempt. The catch in this whole story is that the minister of interior,

Salameh Hammad, had

already announced weeks

ago that the computer lists

do include about 70,000

Jordanian leftists find themselves in a corner

paper presented to a seminar

on "Civic society after four years of liberalisation pro-

cess," held at the Centre for

Middle Eastern studies last

The problem partly eman-

ates from decades of clandes-

tine work when many parties

did not themselves differenti-

ate between opposition to the

system and opposition to the

But activists in these par-

ties, which attained legal sta-

tus in the last two years, say

that some government de-partments cannot yet under-

stand that opposition to cer-

tain policies is not rejection

of the opposition had under-

gone a fundamental change,

as their programmes and practices reflected a gradual

de facto accentance to work

under the umbrella of the

system and a move away

from policies that implied de-

mands for overthrowing the.

government, a position im-

plied in their literature by the

reference to the need of "set-

ting up a nationalist Jorda-

after the liberalisation process began and culminated

with the opposition's approv-al of the National Charter in

1990. By approving the char-

ter, they practically and for-

mally agreed to work within the political system in return

for building a pluralistic soci-

y. The National Charter con-

stituted a historic turning

point that incorporated the

opposition into the system

which in its turn legitimised

their role in the political life

In practice, however,

according to activists and analysts, the delay in the

legalisation of parties, and lifting of martial laws did not

give the parties the chance to

overcome the barriers the

long years of clandestine acti-

vities produced. Some leftists

contend that local govern-ment officials have been in-

terfering in the campaigns of

their candidates and they are

considering sending a memo to the minister of interior, in

the name of the number of

leftist parties, to protest

media. The local Arabic

newspapers, except for the

tabloids, are not publishing

The perceived de facto

curbs on political expression were strongly felt after the

signing of the Israeli-PLO

their statements, they say.

of the country.

nian authority.'

During the eighties, most

of the system itself. -

government.



duplicate names and that they had been spotted and will not appear on the day of the elections. (Actually is reported that the Ministry of Interior has been able to find one woman whose name appeared 21 times in the seven districts of Amman). But our candidates who are too busy making

accord and the Jordanian-

Israeli agenda, which the lef-

tist and pan-Arab parties

oppose.

The opposition to the and the

Israeli-PLO accord, and the

-Jordanian-Israeli agenda, as

well as fears that the elections

will strengthen the tradi-

tionalists and tribal leaders

seem to be bringing the lef-

tists closer to the Islamists in

spite of the historical com-

the leftists and the Islamists

are unlikely to be reflected

on the elections, but could be

a prelude to joint political

positions on political issues

and against the alleged "offi-

cial interference," in the elec-

tions that both trends have

Even if the leftists, pan-

Arabists and Islamists were

drawn together by common

political positions and feel-

ings that they "are being targetted," the first two groups will still have to pre-

complained against.

These shared concerns by

petition between them.

the news apparently have not been reading it.

THIRD DISTRICT of Amman candidate Ibrabim Zeid Keilani, criticised "bourgeois dress modes and lifestyles" in a debate of the five candidates running for that district, organised Monday evening at the Philadelphia Hotel. The irony of his message to the audience of about 1.500 is that they were actually the bourgeoisie that he was criticising. These people did not attend out of shear interest, they only arrived at the hotel after receiving printed invitations and assurances that this is a private and elitist congregation. They represented the money makers

of the capital and most arrived with their wives and daughters who adhered to the dress modes and lifestyles he was lashing out at.

AS IF to support the government's argument that public rallies should be banned because they endanger the safety of the citizens, a rally held in the First District of Amman did cause injury to at least two people. Ali Faqir, who in this corner was named as one of the only candidates permitted to hold a public rally, met trouble in his first such meeting this week. While delivering his speech to his voters, another candidate and his people apparently interfered to argue with him which encouraged Fa-

qir's family members to fight it out with the other candidate's team. The end result was a few broken chairs and the quick moving of Faqir's son and nephew to hospital.

AN INTERESTING new development in advertisements published in local newspapers over the past week is that in their majority they have become ads denying support to candidates rather than giving support. While two weeks ago candidates took to publishing the names of those who support them, their supporters are now publishing ads saying that they never committed themselves to voting for this or that candidate.

NEBMEÈN MURAD

(front row, second from right) on the policies

and procedures of the newspaper (Staff photo by

World needs 'peace education'

(Continued from page 1). real obstacle to human development and human interac-

Dr. Maiali advocated a new world order based on mutual interests as the only means for breaking into the cycle of threats to human life, including poverty, environmental deterioration and illiteracy. He said that statistics from

various United Nations Orga-He warned of illiteracy as a inisations provide evidence that the world is no longer able to provide the basic human needs and that more than one billion people are still living under poverty line, in addition to the millions of children who are starving to death, at a time when it allocates more than 20 per cent of the national gross product to wars and arms of destruction

Parties want 'deadline' extended

(Continued from page 1)

Arranged in alphabetical the concerned centre, advised order on a first-name basis, a voter could spend 10 to 30 minutes scanning the lists for his/her name. When found, the voter can head to the assigned box to collect the card.

If the name is not found on the lists, the voter can search for the number of the box at the computer terminal. if voters cannot find their names on the lists, they can ask us for a computer search, otherwise, the crowds would be too much to handle," said Mohammad Khatib, a Ministry of Interior official at the Rashid centre.

"I don't know where to start," said Mustafa Tarkhan, a pick-up driver in his fifties who was looking for his wife's name. "This is all wasted effort. It is easier for me to just give up and forget about voting," Mr. Tarkhan said.

One of the card distributors, looking at the Tarkhan family book, which gave Rashid 1 as

him to head to Abdul Hamid Sharaf School, a First District centre

"I will go and try my luck there," said Mr. Tarkhan. Waleed Aziz, a returnee from Kuwait said he found his name but was unable to find that of his wife. "There is a lot of mix-up, I could not even find the number of the box." Mr. Aziz said that he was determined to collect all his family's cards, "because we want to exercise our right to

One hour before the centre was to close for the day (which is 5:00 p.m.) the number of cards collected was 14,735. This is almost one third of the total (32,000) and the ternout is not as it should be," Mr. Khatib said, adding, however, that he expected the process to pick up in the coming two days, because "people tend to leave things till the last mi-

PLO presses Israel to free all detainees (Continued from page 1)

Dr. Shaath said the two sides were "getting into the real business" Tuesday, discussing security and the transfer of authority. But he added: "We have a long way to go.

"We are ready to go on to produce the results we have promised. The Palestinian negotiators

have been keeping attention focused on the prisoners re-leases to show that the PLO represents all Palestinians and can deliver for them.

"We are trying to make peace between Palestinians and Israelis — not between Israel and a faction of the PLO. If peace has a broader base it will have wider support," said delegate Abu Ziad. Meanwhile, Israeli and

Palestinian negotiators on

Tuesday began talking about their concepts of security and transfer of authority.

An Israeli official cited as an example the question of whether the army would be in charge only of the places where Jewish settlers live, or also nearby fields and factories.

Under the Israel-PLO accord, the army would complete its withdrawal from Gaza and the Jericho area in mid-April. The size of the Jericho area has to be negotiated in

Dr. Shaath said that autonomy should cover the entire Jericho region, an area almost as big as the Gaza Strip. Israel, however, says it will only hand over Jericho and its immediate surroundings, an

area 11 times smaller than that

sought by the Palestinians.

vent being marginalised by their spouses, Tuesday visited the Jordan Times the conservative parties and and were briefed by editor George Hawatmeh the Islamists.

ARAB WOMEN GRADUATES CLUB



FOR SIX MONTHS ONLY

the allocation and expenditure of funds for all agricultural research in Jordan, other countries in the region and internationally. Include relationship to GNP, agricultural production, etc. Detailing the source and amounts of these funds, eg. government, private sector, special taxes or contributions specifically allocated for agricultural research, donor grants and loans etc. Also assist in preparing detailed report of allocation and expenditure of funds for all agricultural research, as

excellent command of English and Arabic languages and use of computer and typing skills. Interested candidates with the above required qualifications may apply in writing by submitting a the Technical Assistance and Services Office

National Centre for Agricultural Research & Technology Transfer National Agricultural Development Project/TASO

A Jorgan ilmes Tel.: 667171

Foreign military attaches, some accomm

ried by

Aynsley Floyd)



Under the Ratronage of Ner Neajesty Queen Noor Al Hussein

the Embassy of Staly in cooperation with the Hotel Inter-Continental Jordan

is proud to present



PIAZZA ITALIA

A week of elegance, fashion, art & culture

sponsored by El Zay - GFT & Alitalia
and co-sponsored by Abu Shakra Trading, Le Firme, Scarpa, Venefir & Campanile.

Fashion shows by El Zay - GFT (manufacturer for leading international firms like: Armani, Valentino, Ungaro, Dior, Ferraud & Montana) and by Venefir; displays of garments, apparel, perfinnes and of items fruit of the cooperation with the salt Handicraft Training centre; piano recital by Maestro Alberto Pomeranz: opera recital by baritone Mario Boccardo accompanied by Pianist Barbara Cattabiani; permanent exhibition of works by the Italian Artist Lorenzo Fonda and other events lavishly accompanied by different gournnet dinners prepared by Chef Celeste Tonon, especially flown in from Venice.

> The atmosphere will be that of a typical Italian square PIAZZA ITALIA

For detailed information & ticket reservation for these exclusive proposals, please contact HOTEL INTER-CONTINENTAL JORDAN, Tel. 641361, ext. 2103/4

Proceeds will be offered to the National Music Conservation / Queen Noon Al Aussein Journation

"against official interference." Furthermore, leftist and pan-Arabist parties, complain that they are denied access to air their views in the government-controlled

Jordan Research Centre, both the government and the political parties have to clarify to the public that parties are no longer outside the political system.

some government departments as "foes of the sys-According to a study by Hani Hourani of the New

"There is a persistent problem of viewing any opposition to the government-executive authority and the political system (in a negative way)," Mr. Hourani said in a

Liberals sweep Canadian polls

(Continued from page 1) so vast that it could not be attributed to any miscue. In the east, they were blown out of the picture by Liberals; in the west their seats went to Reform, a party more rightist than the Conservatives that preached deficit elimination to taxpayers fed up with government waste. The Bloc Quebecois, which seeks independence for Canada's only Frenchmajority province, grabbed

their electorate in Quebec. When the campaign began 47 days ago, Ms. Campbell came out of the blocks quickly with high popularity ratings. But she stumbled and then ground to a balt under the weight of Mr. Mulroney's dis-

astrous economic legacy and the worst-run campaign in recent history.

Ms. Campbell, who made

news in June she became Canada's first female prime minister, was even ousted in her own Vancouver district. "Success was not ours tonight," she admitted, but added, "Our time in the sun

will come again." The Liberals Tuesday promised to boost economic growth and mend the fraying ties of

Canadian unity.

Officials said a transition could take up to two weeks, during which time the Liberals will flesh out their economic platform and face a radically different political landscape.

For an enjoyable evening of good food and lots more questions get your ticket at the Orthodox Club or call 661026 (Nanice) & 644267 (Mona). Tickets are JD 10.

AGRICULTURE RESEARCH ASSISTANT REQUIRED To assist in collecting data for historic review of

OUALIFICATIONS:

A minimum of B.Sc. degree in agriculture field with recent biographical data in English to the Chief of

Bag'a - Jordan

Telephone: 725411/2 Fax: 679677 Applications must be delivered by hand by 14:00 hours of November 7, 1993.

Israel's '94 budget does not take account of effects of peace accord

TEL AVIV (AFP) - Israel will reduce its budget deficit to three per cent of gross national product (GNP) in 1994 under the draft budget presented Tuesday which did not allow for the effects of a peace agreement with the Palestine Li-

beration Organisation (PLO).
The budget would total
\$43.5 billion and the deficit would be \$2.6 billion representing three per cent of GNP compared with a deficit of 3.2 per cent this year, Finance Minister Avraham Shobat

The budget did not take account of the economic and financial effects of the granting of autonomy to Palestinians in the Gaza Strip and in Jericho. The budget is subject to debate

and amendment before it is adopted by the end of the year. The forecast deficit of \$2.6 billion would be financeo

mainly by the privatisation of state companies which would raise \$1.6 billion and by the raising of loans backed by the U.S. government to raise \$0.6

One third of the budget, or \$14.5 billion, would be used to service the debt. Military expenditure accounted for \$4.9 billion or 17.4 per cent of expenditure compared with 18

per cent this year. With the inclusion of annual U.S. military aid, military expenditure would be \$6.7 billion. It was estimated that the cost of maintaining the army in the occupied territories in 1994

The main focus of the budget next year has been put on education, for which the budget has been increased by a quarter to \$3.3 billion.

Investment in infrastructure, mainly in the form of roads, would be increased by \$170

The government said that it intended to reduce the burden of taxation. A change in the calculation of taxation bands would increase the disposable incomes of Israelis by 1.5 per

The rate of tax applied to companies would be reduced by one percentage point to 38 per cent, and would be reduced by one point per year

The budget made allowance for the arrival of 100,000 immigrants most of whom would come from the former Soviet Union. This year Israel expects to accept about 70,000 immig-

The budget for the integration of immigrants next year was set at \$3.8 billion.

The treasury forecast that inflation would fall to eight per cent next year from 10.5 per cent this year. The economy would grow by 5.2 per cent compared with expected growth this year of 3.5 per cent. The rate of unemployment would fall to 9.4 per cent from 10.2 per cent of the work-

Japan agrees to open **building**

TOKYO (R) — Japan bowed to U.S. pressure Tuesday and agreed to open its construction market to foreign firms as part of an overhaul of its scandal-

lic works projects.

Just days before a Nov. 1 bidding system for large gov-

ing any sanctions," top government spokesman Masayoshi Takemura said after announcing Tokyo's new plan.

Hosokawa vowed to deliver positive results. This is a morality problem involving politicians and the

industry... we're going to change the system and show concrete results," he told reporters. Washington had threatened to curb Japanese participation in U.S. public works projects

tion ministry official said he expected approval. We are negotiating with the

for health care.

Iraqi dinar falls to 100 per dollar

BAGHDAD (R) -- The Iraqi dinar slumped to a historic low against the U.S. dollar Tuesday, crossing the 100-to-the-dollar threshold for the first

It traded at 105 to the dollar on Baghdad's thriving black market, down from a previous low of 95 in May.

The official exchange rate, unchanged from before the Gulf crisis and now little used, values the dinar at \$3.20, more than 330 times what it fetches on the street.

Baghdad traders said the dinar was continuing to fall because there was no sign the United Nations would lift or ease the trade embargo it imposed when Iraq invaded Kuwait in 1990.

When the dinar hit 95, the government reacted by closing the borders and withdrawing from circulation premiumpriced banknotes printed abroad before the Gulf crisis. It refused to honour old banknotes held abroad by specula-

But Baghdad traders said they expected no drastic measures from the government to support the dinar this time. "It has little means left at its disposal," said one.

As the dinar falls, basic commodities keep rising in price. Trade Minister Mohammad Mehdi Saleh assured Iraqis in a televised interview that the government would continue with its subsidised rationing system "despite the difficulties and hardships we face."

Wages are up for U.S. workers

WASHINGTON (AP) - American workers' wages, salaries and benefits rose 3.6 per cent in the year ended Sept. 30, the government said Tuesday.

The Labour Department said its employment cost index accelerated slightly from the 3.5 per cent advance a year earlier. Analysts had expected costs to remain in the 3.5 per cent range.

The index is considered one of the best gauges of wage inflation pressures. Wages and salaries rose 3.0

per cent and outpaced the 2.7 per cent inflation rate for the period as measured by the department's consumer price in-

This component, which accounts for 72 per cent of total employment costs, had risen 2.7 per cent a year ear-

Benefit costs increased 4.9 per cent, slower than the 5.2 per cent advance in the year ended Sept. 30, 1992. A large proportion of benefit costs pay

Armenia to ban trade in dollars, Russian roubles from Nov. 8

YEREVAN (R) - The Transcaucasian state of Armenia will ban the use of foreign cash including 1993-issue Russian roubles — from next months as it moves towards a new-look rouble zone, officials said Tuesday.

"Armenia is entering a transitionary period on its way to a new type of rouble zone," Tigran Sarkesyan, head of a parliamentary commission on finance and the budget, told reporters. "The length of the transition depends on Russia."

Armenia is one of several former Soviet republics still using the pre-1993 rouble banknotes Russia abandoned

One dollar is worth 2,800 old roubles in the Armenian capital Yerevan, compared to the Russian rate of 1,189 new roubles per dollar.

But Armenia has signed up for a new type of rouble zone, agreeing to toe Russia's line on fiscal and monetary policy in return for the right to use Russia's new roubles.

Details of how the zone will work have yet to be finalised. Russian officials have said the rouble zone does not necessarily mean that other countries will automatically use the rouble, although it will probably mean fixed exchange rates between different currencies.

They have cautioned against introducing the zone too quickly, warning that countries might be forced to adopt economic performance standards

of the group's weakest

Armenia's commission on the regulation of monetary de. culation said the ban on loss ign currency was needed to meet agreements with Rami during the transition period

The ban takes effect on Nev. 8, when only pre-1993 reables will be permitted. As well as restrictions on cash tracing Armenian firms will not be allowed to pay wages in ter-

Armenia will also reariz currency exports to \$500, or the equivalent, per person. There is no limit on the amount of currency which can be imported into the former Soviet republic.

Yemen crisis strains riyal

ADEN, Yemen (R) - The riyal has slumped and prices risen because of the worst poli-tical crisis to hit Yemen since the north and south merged three years ago. economic and

political sources said Tuesday. The rival has dropped from 41 to the dollar to 58 on the free market since a dispute broke out between the northern president and southern

vice president in August. President Ali Abdullah Saleh and Vice President Ali Salem Al Baidh engineered a relatively trouble-free merger of conservative North Yemen and Marxist South Yemen in

Differences began to emerge after President Saleh

MOSCOW (R) — Russian

officials Tuesday announced a

pilot project to divide up big state-owned farms, paving the

way for private land ownership

in the biggest country in the

diplomatis.

The decisions... are closely

Amra Forum Hotel celebrates

10th anniversary

ON the occasion of its 10th anniversary, the "Amra Forum

Hotel" celebrated by hosting a large cocktail reception, inviting to it the government, officials businessmen, and

Mohammad Saleh Horani the director general of the Social

Security Corporation, Raymond Khalifeh, the executive vice-

President and Ali Beisha, the regional director of operations

Forum Hotels Jordna and general manager of the Amra Forum Hotel, hosted the celebration. The Amra Forum

Hotel, the largest project in the tourist investment of the

Social Security Corporation, has been managed since its

opening by Forum Hotels International, a division of the

Intercontinental Hotels Group. The occasion coincides with a

total renovation and enhancement programme of the hotel,

where, far, 168 of the 274 rooms and suites have been

completed along with the restaurant and the ball-room. Plans

are underway fora Moroccan restaurnat on the roof-top, an

indoor swimming pool, and a discotheque, all in preparation

for the the expected boom in the tourist industry.

broadened his ruling coalition with Mr. Baidh's Yemen Socialist Party to bring in the Islamist Islah Party after general elections in April.

This has shaken confidence. the sources said.

"People fear matters are getting out of hand. Also there is no supervision by the government on the exchange rates,' one resident said.

A 50-kilogramme bag of flour has gone up by 100 riyals to 1,300 riyals and a 45-kilogramme bag of rice by 10 riyals to 230 riyals

The April elections, Yemen's first democratic poll, had raised economic expectations in one of the region's

private land ownership

linked with the whole philoso-

phy of private ownership in Ruussia," First Deputy Prime

Minister Yegor Gaidar told a

news conference announcing

the plan. "We will introduce a

normal system of land own-

Russia gets ready for

poorest states and the riyals rate initially improved.

It has been declining steadily since the dispute started, although the rate for official transactions remains at 12 to

Economists blame a combination of government extravagance, political chaos, shortage of foreign aid, and lack of long-term planning.

The problems were largely triggered by the halt of Gulf Arab aid when Yemen appeared to side with Iraq in the 1990-91 Gulf crisis. One million Yemeni workers who used to send home \$1.4 billion a year were expelled from the Gulf.

farms near Nizhny Novgorod,

an industrial trading city some 500 kilometres east of Mos-

cow, will be the guinea pigs in

the project, swapping special

land and property certificates for land, buildings and equip-

"We are not just talking

about one agrarian policy in

Nizhny Novgorod and another

in the rest of Russia," Mr. Gaidar said. "We are working

out a national agrarian reform

programme which will be com-

mon to all the regions of

Nizhny Novgorod, known as Gorky during the Soviet era and closed to foreigners be-

cause of its big military factor-

ies, has pioneered several re-

forms, helped by economist

Grigory Yavlinský and the In-

ternational Finance Corpora-

Led by young, reformist loc-al governor Boris Nemtsov,

the region was the first in

Ruussia to auction off small

market

ridden bidding system for pub-

deadline for U.S. retaliation, the government announced plans to introduce an open ernment or semi-government

projects.
"We strongly hope that the United States will avoid impos-

Prime Minister Moribiro

unless Tokyo agreed to open tenders for all its public projects by Nov. 1. While U.S. embassy officials Tokyo declined whether the proposal would atisty Washington, a construc-

United States through both official and unofficial diplomatic channels... we believe (Washington) will rank highly our proposal," he said. Spokesman Takemura said

Japan's proposed action programme on public works projects still required fine-tuning.

Mitterrand proposes EC growth plan

PARIS (R) — French President Francois Mitterrand proposed a giant European Com-munity (EC) bond Monday to fund transport and communications project across Europe and help revive econo-

mic growth. In a lengthy television interview, he said his proposal, to be put to a special EC summit Friday, would restore citizens' faith in the troubled Community. He also advocated negotiating shorter working hours to combat record French unemployment.

The Socialist president, who turned 77 Tuesday, approved Prime Minister Edouard Balladur's firm stance in the GATT world trade talks, but he criticised the six-month-old conservative government's cuts in welfare and health benefits.

Outlining his growth initia-tive, Mr. Mitterrand said: "If we decided to put 100 billion European Currency Units (\$120 billion) at the disposal of different countries to really. build a European infrastructure, it would demonstrate that Europe is a factor for growth, for work and for jobs.

"It is possible to do all that,"

he emphasised. He endorsed a proposal by French Socialist leader Michel Rocard to finance such a programme through a jumbo bond and said the European Commission had told him it was feasible to double the 50 billion ECUs (\$60 billion) that Mr. Rocard had suggested.

Mr. Mitterrand also said it was vital to begin the second phase of EC economic and monetary union in January as planned despite recent setbacks in currency stability.

Saying past attempts to stem unemployment, now at a re-cord 11.7 per cent, through job training and other schemes had failed, he advocated negotiating a reduced work-week sector by sector.

China's conspicuously rich may face higher taxes

BELJING (R) - China is planning to increase taxes on the most conspicuous members of its wealthy elite - stars of show business and sport.

"According to a draft law on individual income deliberated last Saturday, singers, actors and athletes would be subject to a tax of 20 per cent," the official China Daily has said. "Such a move would be aimed at narrowing the wide gap between personal incomes, a condition most Chinese citizens

complain of and find unfair. Even 20 per cent was seen as too low by some members of the standing committee of the National People's Congress. now debating the law. They called for a rate of 30 per cent, citing the need for easing "unfair distribution.

Other lawmakers disagree, saying the wealthy should not be penalised for their success. The draft law calls for progressive taxes of three to 35 per cent on owners of private

HOROSCOPE

businesses.

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY OCTOBER 27, 1993 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Saturn goes direct after almost five months in retrograde giving you the oportunity to accomplish a lot of hard work where duty and orderliness are of the mos importance. Cooperate with fellow workers.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) You find that through updating and improving your personal appearance and your surroundings that you will be able to make headway at your duties. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20)

Now you find that the special talent you had planned to put carried through by a consistent following by you. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Whatever you have to do that

dwelling is the best means by which you will be able to stabilise MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Consider well now the various messages you have to attend and do them in a careful

and precise manner eventhough you want to blast one correspon-LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Take some time out to delve into

the various practical factors of your everyday affairs that re-quire handling on a smooth and steadfast basis. VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Think about what you can do to put your ideas across and don't be critical of a person very different from you who

seems to stand in your way. LIBRA: (September 23 to Octo-ber 22) Consider well what you can best do to please one you are privately interested in and don't get the desire to fly off to some new interest deter you.

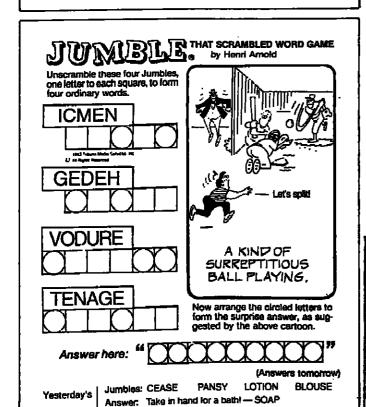
SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) A good friend who is not interested in your finances but likes you for yourself alone is the one to turn to for helpfulness in gaining an alon. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Your working position is on the line today and it is advisable that you proceed

carefully and do nothing to upset anyone in official life. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) New ideas are excelthrough them so don't hold on to an old and outdated condition but go forward to new success. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) You have a good plan now to handle whatever

your obligations and so as you do not continue with a long time extravagant you make headway. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Think about what your outside associates desire and don't allow an older and possessive bigwig to break up the associa-tion or your plans.

THE BETTER HALF. By Harris HARRIS

"I found a way to put some spark back in our kisses. I scuffed my feet across the carpet!"



Peanuts

shops and firms.

GRAMMA SAYS THAT JUST BEFORE SHE GOES TO SLEEP EACH NIGHT, SHE HEARS ANGELS SINGING ..





Andy Capp



Mutt'n'Jeff





Economy

Foreign investors tap Amman Financial Market

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The Amman Financial Market (AFM) is processing

to engage in trading in Jordanian stocks after the government recently cleared the way for allowing non-Jordanians to invest in the market, a senior official and brok-

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET HOUSING BANF CENTER ANDUM - SEMELHANI TELEPHORE: 660:70 / 663:70 ORGANIZED MARKET SHARE PRICE LIST FOR TUSEDAY 26/



OMERATALD MARKET SHARE PRICE LIST	FOR TUSEDA	Y 26/	10/1993	
COMPANY'S RAPE	TRADED VOLUME JD		PRICE PRICE	CLOSUNG PRICE
ANAB BASK LOCAS MATIONAL BANK LOCAS MATIONAL LOCAS M	99,565	185.500	185.000	184-00n
CONTAN MATIONAL BANK	13,307	6.150	6.180	6.150
ytogle east investment band.	8,769	1.960	1.950	1.940
STORY AL DEVELOPMENT BACK	136,660	4.060	4.100	4.070
THE BOYSING BANK	10,603	5.850	5.830	5.830
TOBER KINNIT BINK	33,658	3.140	3.150	3.140
ANAS -OFCIAS INVESTMENT BANK	2,025	3.950	3-950	3.970
COMPA INCARAC MARK	13,476	4.600	4.600	4.560
SECTION THAT IS NOT THE PARTY OF THE PARTY O	22,141	4.960	4.900	4-900
MODE BASIC FOR CHURCHOST	24.650	1 840	4.410	4-510
PHILADELPHIA LEVESTMENT RANGE.	22 620	2 576	7.640	7 670
1040AH IKSURANCE	23.420	3.920	3.900	3.920
aragian seas insurance	2.750	2.800	2.750	2.750
IBPUSALEM (SSUMANCE	23,590	4-400	4.500	4.550
JOHNAN FRENCH LEGISANCE	6,033	3.500	3.500	3-500
TWIVERSAL TRECRANCE	23,250	1-600	1.550	1.550
SAL ESTACES THE SHEET SHEET SHEET	1,680	3.360	3.360	1.360
CONTRACT OF CARLO SPECIAL SPEC	31 500	3.470	3.640	3.640
IRRID DISTRICT STATEMENTS	41,077	2.320	2.320	2.300
ARAB INTERMATIONAL MOTELS	485	4.900	4.850	4 840
JORDAN TOURISM & SPA COMPLEY	15.247	- 0.950	1.000	1.030
HAT: OWAL PORTFOLIO SECURITIES	8,146	4.030	4-016	4.000
ALAL ESTATE IPPESTMENT	1,139	1-620	1.620	1.630
PETRA ENTRIBLES & EQUIPMENTS LEASING	505	1.050	1.010	1.010
PACHIMANY EQUIP. MENTING & MAINTENANCE	660	1.120	1-100	1.100
THE AN PRESS & PUBLISHED /AD-DUSTOUR	48,594	14.900	14.200	15-400
THE PARTY OF THE P	6,009	2.190	2.180	2.190
THE CORDAL CENTER PACTORIES	6,442 135,467 9,154 800	2.000	2.700	2.6/0
THE JORDAN CEMENT PACTORIES JORDAN PRINCIPLE REFINARY	9.154	10.180	10.120	10 150
JORGAN TANGEING	800	7-650	B.000	8.000
THE IMPUSTRIAL COMMERCIAL & AGRICULTURAL	78,66J	7.820	7.750	7.750
THE JORDAN MORSTED MILLS	17,110	11.500	11.500	11.400
ARAD PHARMOGEOTICAL MAKE PACTURING	64,203	8.600	B.550	C-580
JOHNAS DAIRY	2,318	3.150	3.070	3.100
TODAK SERRE CONTRACTURING	188	3.75D	3.760	3.750
TOROMS PETWILDIN PRITINGS CORNER TANGER PRITINGS THE INDUSTRIAL COMMERCIAL A ADDICULTURAL THE JORDAN MONTHER HILLS JORDAN MONTHER HILLS JORDAN DALRY THE JORDAN FIRS MANUFACTURING JORDAN DALRY THE JORDAN PIPES MANUFACTURING JORDAN PIPES A CARDONNO FACTORIES SPINNING & MEAVING	3,990	7.740	4.200	4.200
RAFIA INDUSTRIES	2,003	7 770	2.750	2.750 2.380
rafia irdustries far al lawa drvelopket & (pvesther) arab is/ustrent & irekrafickal trade arab alumistam irdustry	0.040	14 400	16 550	16.500
APAS INVESTMENT & INCRNAFICABL TRADE	498	2.460	2.440	2-440
ARAB ALUMINIUM INDUSTRY	35, 453	10.520	10.510	10.510
JORDA MEDICAL COPPORATION	250	0.530	0.500	0.500
NATIONAL STEEL INDUSTRY	8,113	5.400	5.400	5.400
FREEDED!ATE PETRO-CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES	165,600	3.840	1.790	3.730
COPIAN CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES	60C	6.120	6.000	6.000
ARAB ALDELETOR ISDUSTRY JORDAN GENICAL CONFORMATION NATIONAL STEEL INDUSTRY INTERNOLATE PETRO-CHEMICAL ISDUSTRIES COPARA CHEMICAL ISDUSTRIES INVITARIAL CHEMICAL ISDUSTRIES INVITARIAL CHEMICAL ISDUSTRIES ICROMS BRUSTRIES CONCRETE INDUSTRY ICHOM PRECAST CONCRETE INDUSTRY ICHOM SULPPO-CHEMICALS ARAB CRITER POR PERRIM & CHEMICALS LORDAN MURBALT CO. POR AGRIL & POOR PROD. USIVERSAL MODERN INDUSTRIES	25.205	2.190	2-170	2-190
	1,725	9.950	5.700	9.900
YORDS DEFEAT CONTEST AND COM-	37.758	1.050	1.020	1.060
'obobe dellamourestate : Pausiki	46 403	0.390	7.380	3 350
ARAB CRITER FOR PEARM, & CHEMICALO	7 620	3.740	7 740	3 130
DEDAM KOWAIT OD POR ACRI. & Proc. Durn	7.540	1.410	1.400	1.400
UNIVERSAL MODERN THOUSTRIES	47,014	5.300	5.300	5.280
	,034	3.20	3.300	21240

Nh.

164

Ε

je i i i a

ELIA

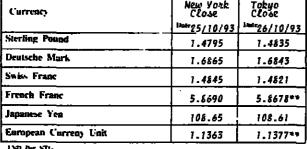
THE INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICAL & ANDICOLTURAL NEW JORDAN BURSTEN HILLS ARAD PHANON-COUTICAL MANUFACTURING JORDAN DAIRY STREAM PARCAMENT AND ACTORIES SPINNING & MEANING RAIL A HOUSERLES FOR AL CAND DEVELOPMENT & INVESTMENT ARAB INVESTMENT INDUSTRIC JORDAN STREAM LINESTON LINESTON LATER AND ADDRESS OF THE MEMORITY OF THE STREAM LINESTON LINE TOTAL

Financial Markets

in co-operation with Cairo Amman Bank

Jordan Times

U.S. Dollar in International Markets



USD Per STL

Enrocurrency Interest Rates		Date: 26/10/1993			
Сигтепсу	MITH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTHS	
U.S. Dollar	3.06	3.31	3.31	3.50	
Sterling Pound	5.81	5.56	5.38	5.31	
Deutsche Mark	6.43	6.37	6.12	5.63	
Swiss Franc	4.48	4.40	4.15	3.95	
French Franc	6.68	6.43	6.18	5.62	
Japanese Yen	2.46	2.31	2.25	2.25	
European Currency Unit	7.18	7.06	6.81	6.34	

Precious i	Hecals			Date: 26	/10/1993
Metal	USD/Oz	JD/Gm ²	Metal	USD/O2	JD/Gm
Gold	367.85	7.20	Silver	4.38	0.100

Interhapt bid rates for amounts exceeding U.S. Dollars 1,804,060 or equi

	Date: 26/10/1993			
Систерсу	Bid	Offer		
U.S. Dollar	0.6990	0.7010		
Sterling Pound	1.0355	1.0407		
Deutsche Mark	0.4145	0.4166		
Swiss Franc	0.4711	0.4735		
French Franc	0.1189	0.1195		
Japanese Yen	0.6432	0.6464		
Dutch Guilder	0.3692	0.3710		
Swedish Kronz	74144	****		
Italian Lira	0.0432	0.0434		
Belgian Franc	****	*****		

Other Correctes	Date: 26/10/199			
Gurrency	Bid	Offer		
Bahraini Dinar	1.8300	1.8540		
Lebanese Lira	0.03995	0.04125		
Saudi Riyal	0.1861	0.1882		
Kowaiti Dinar	2.2250	2.3150		
Qatari Riyal	0.1890	0.1918		
Egyptian Pound	0.2050	0.2220		
Omani Riyat	1.7770	1.8200		
UAE Dirham	0.1890	- 0.1918		
Greek Drachma*	0.2853	0.3225		
Cypriot Pound	1.3375	1.3885		

U.S. \$1.00 costs

One sterling

One ownce of gold

ers said Tuesday. "We have received a number of applications and we are now processing them before forwarding to the government for approval," said Jalil Tarif, deputy director-general

of the AFM. Mr. Tarif said he was not at liberty to disclose the names and details of the applicants, but brokers said several European and

among them.

Brokers, who do not allow themselves to be quoted by name in the media under a guideline issued by the AFM management, said they expected between \$60 million and \$80 million in new capital to enter

the market immediately.
"But the impact will not be immediately visible since the profit-taking season is almost over," said a broker, noting that American investment houses were

WE'RE TRYING TO OFFER THE BEST.

Energy-saving lamps GLS lamps 25-200 W Candle lamps

Low voltage halogen lamps Decorative lamps Special lamps Discharge lamps Spot lamps

Fluorescent lamps and starters. Also available in Safeway Minwer Electrical Tel.: 613746/613622 Fax.: 643746

tions in September and October in anticipation of the release of annual profit and loss figures.

alilan Val

"Stocks went up 100 per cent and came down by 50 per cent so far this year and there was no foreign capital involved," noted the broker, referring to the record daily high of JD 16 million reg-istered in July and the low of JD 650,000 registered in Septem-

> invest in the market in the 80s, but a new Arab and foreign investment law enacted in 1990 banned foreigners to assume controlling interest in Jordanian companies by imposing a ceiling of 49 per cent on their holding of stocks in any firm. The ceiling remains very much in force, but a clause in the law which

Non-Jordanians were allowed to

interpreted as banning non-Arab foreign investors altogether from the AFM was clarified last month by the government, and this cleared the way for non-Jordanians to invest in the market, brokers

Under the present procedures, all purchases of Jordanian stock by foreign investors have to be routed through brokers. As such, investment banks which hold brokerage

Only

The Best

Many furnished and

unfurnished villas -

apartments for rent.

Abdoun

Estate

Real

to be the main conduit for the bulk of the new capital since investors would prefer high-capital entities to ensure the security of their

capital. "Small-time brokers with the capital of JD 250,000 do not stand to benefit much from the forcion investment since the investors would be looking for entitles which can offer guarantees for their investment," said the senior manager of a six-year-old brokerage

firm.

"We have been hearing about plans to increase the minimum capital figure to half a million dinars, but nothing has happened yet," he said.

Even if the increase was implemented, it is unlikely to attract foreign investors who might want to come in with millions of dollars capital to approach small brokerage firms, he said.
Furthermore, he said, inves

ment banks also have the basic structure and organisation to arrange repatriation of foreign capital as allowed under the law. They already perform most of the banking services and as such it is only natural that foreign investors would prefer to deal with them

since they are assured of all ser-

Club Restaurant

Dinner

İTALIAN

CUISINE

Piano & Satellite

Entertainment

818637

816690

he Latest

MUST

in Amman

unch

age," he pointed out. Every sale and purchase of

Jordanian stocks by any foreign investor has to be approved not only by the shareholding depart-ment of the concerned company but also by the AFM administration to ensure that the transaction does not breach the 49 per cent ceiling.
"Stocks held by non-Jordanian

Arabs could be sold to non-Jordanian Arabs without such elaborate clearance since the first ownership itself would have already had clearance," said the

broker.
"Similarly, once the foreign capital enters the market, European ownership of stocks could change hands among Europeans, but if a European wants to deal with Arab investors then it needs clearance," he said.

"Having said that," added the broker, "the fact remains that no Jordanian company has anywhere near the 49 per cent ceiling in stocks in the market. Therefore transactions would have automatic clearance."

The infusion of foreign capital into the AFM comes at a time when funds in circulation shrunk as a result of a credit squeeze by the Central Bank of Jordan which forced commercial banks to cut

their portfolio involvement. The recent relaxation of a credit celling for commercial banks is not expected to have an immediate impact on the stock market beise banks tend to slow lending facilities towards the end of the year, bankers have said.

Furthermore, capital is also being moved from the secondary market to the primary market of new issues by already established companies and new entities, brokers noted.

As an example, the senior broker cited the case of the Islamic Bank, which is issuing 15 million shares to increase its capital.

"The JD 1 par-value shares are being sold with a premium of JD 2, meaning a total shift of JD 45 million from the secondary market to the primary market," he noted. "This is only one company. There are dozens of others which are issuing new stock and the diversion of capital has led to reduced trading in the market," he added.

As a national policy, the permission for foreigners to invest in the market will not only add vitality to the market but also boost confidence in the economy, he pointed

DANZA5

INTERNATIONAL DOOR TO DOOR REMOVALS

GERMAN DRIVERS - AIR - RIDDEN REMOVAL TRUCKS

YOUR REGULAR LINK TO AND FROM EUROPE

SPECIALISTS FOR DIPLOMATIC REMOVALS

FOR DETAILED INFORMATION PLEASE CONTACT

EASTERN SERVICES

OFFICIAL DANZAS AGENT IN JORDAN

TEL: 621 775 TLX: 23023 FAX: 656 270

PEACE BUILDING - JABAL LWEIBDEH

. AMMAN - JORDAN

La Coquette Restaurant

French Cuisine

Lunch & Dinner

7 days a week

Tel. 680093/4 Fax. 823864

Amman-Jordan

neisani-Near Babish

IN THE NEAR EAST

THE PROFESSIONALS ALWAYS CHOOSE THE RELIABLE

PACKING, AIR FREIGHT FORWARDING, DOOR-to **BOOR SERVICES AND** DELIVERIES . CUSTOMS CLEARANCE, TICKETS AND, RESERVATIONS.

AMIN KAWAR & SONS TEL 604 576 604696 P O.BOX 7805



RESTAURANT

Live Band

THE SUMMER TERRACE

IS NOW OPEN

alentino

TEL. 654205

Live Music

Shmeisani - Opp. Grindlays Bank, Phone: 604042 Parole Tel: 824677 Swefieh tel: 823891



OSRAM

Véritable Cuisine Française Live Entertainment 685746

STUDIO HAIG

Professional Quality in 1 Hour Service Develop your colour film at our shop and get:-

* JUMBO photo size 30% larger * Free enlargement 20 x 30 cm

CHEN'S

CHINESE

RESTAURANT

Mecca Street, Yarmouk

Engineers' Housing

Estate, near Kilo

Supermarket

Mongolian Barbeque for

Lunch Friday only

Tel: 818214

Come and taste our

specialities

Open daily 12:00 - 3:30

p.m. 6:30 - Midnight

RESTAURANT & GARDEN

Hours: 12 Noon 12 Midnight

Kashmer

Restaurant

FIRST CLASS INDIAN

RESTAURANT

Special Executive Luncheons Take away service

available

Open Daily 12.30-3.30 pm 7.30-11.30 pm

Tel:659519 659520

ATMOSPHERI CREATORS

DISCOTHEQUE

Tel: 685211 Fax: 617779

Middle East Hotel - Shmeisani

ATMOSPHERE

the Philadelphia Hotel Towards 3rd circle

"7" days a week

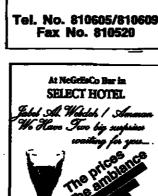
The Best Oriental Final in Town

Last

Chinese, Thai, Philipino, Indonisian & Five branches all over the world and now one

46 Buhturi Street 2 ad circle . Jabal Amman Opposite French Loaf Tel 653482

- World wide programmes VIA satellite

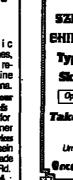


One visit will make you a steady, we believe!!!

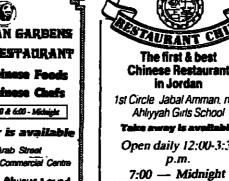


CHINA

.lunch & dinner Ministry of Trade HOUSE Restaurant







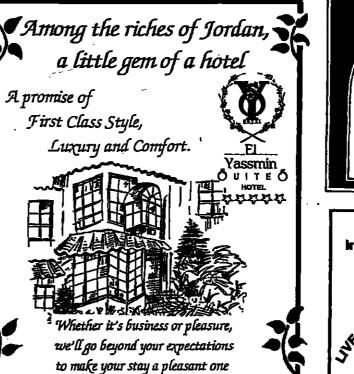


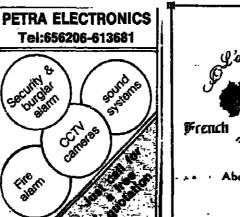
Tel. 638968



There is a lot more to

Rayas

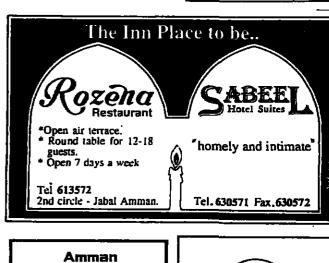




3rd Circle, Jabal Amman Tel. 643216 Fax 643219



TEL 819564





The First Class Hotel in Amman that has a Kitchenette in every room_ "Satellite T.V. Reception" DAROTEL داراوتیل

P.O.Box 9403 - Fax 602434 Telex 23888 DAROTL JO Ideal Residence For Expatriates and Businessmen



Bonita

Restaurant

Tapas Bar

Jebel Amman, 3rd circle

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

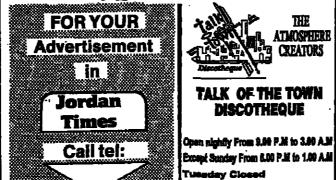
LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

1.3172/77 1.6826/36 1.8896/06 1.4820/30 36.48/52 5.8682/82 1619.6/1.1 108,26/36 8.1020/22 7.3190/90 6.7630/30

\$1.4757/67

\$368,50/369.00

Canadian dollar **Deutschemarks** Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese ven Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns



667171 ext. 223

Boy loses card.

meets bureaucracy QUINCY, Massachusetts

(AP) — Eleven-year-old James Zeng's teachers got a note saying he would be "a little late." Zeng had his first day at central middle school

last week - six weeks after he

was supposed to start classes.

His delay had nothing to do

with his dog eating his home-

work, although it did involve a paper. He lost his card, which

proves he is permanent resi-

dent of the United States.

Zeng was delayed four months

in China where he had been

visiting relatives and prevented

from returning home by U.S.

officials. "He couldn't find it."

Zeng's father, David, told the

Patriot Ledger of Quincy Mon-

day. "I felt terrible." The card had disappeared in July after Zeng arrived in Shanghai and

showed it to officials at the

airport. Desperate, the boy's

parents offered his Chinese

passport stamped with the date

he became a permanent resident of the United States seven

years ago. But that was not

proof enough, officials said.

Thus began a waiting game that kept Zeng oceans away.

Immigration and Naturalisa-

tion Service had to send paper-

work proving Zeng's status as a permanent U.S. resident to the

U.S. consul general in Shan-ghai. Then the consulate was

able to issue a letter that would

serve as a temporary visa and

let Zeng return to the United

States. It wasn't until two

weeks ago that the documents

were approved and his family made flight arrangements for

Zeng's return. For the boy's

family, the wait was agonising.

"It was months of waiting, and

l couldn't do anything. It was

terribly inefficient. In Amer-

ica, everything is by the book,"

Mouskouri to be

UNICEF special

representative

David Zeng said.

Protestants kill 2 in Belfast in revenge attack for IRA blast

BELFAST (R) - Protestant extremists shot dead two workmen and wounded five Tuesday in a revenge attack for an IRA bombing that killed 10 people last weekend.

In a chilling statement to the media, the outlawed Ulster Freedom Fighters said: "This is only the start of the heavy price to be paid... our attacks will widen and intensify."

Workmen dived for cover at a council garbage collection depot when two men dressed in dungarees opened fire with automatic weapons.

Security sources had feared a backlash from militant Protestants who vowed revenge after the Irish Republican Army (IRA) killed 10 people in a botched attack Saturday.

A young boy was seen running around in shock shouting: "My daddy is dead.' In a city already gripped

with fear, the attack raised tension even more on a day when Protestants began burying their dead from Saturday's attack. The atmosphere is very

frightening. People are living said moderate Irish nationalist Joe Hendron, the member of parliament for West Belfast.

Protestant Unionist parliamentarian Ken Maginnis agreed "people are terrified of

what is going to happen next." Witnesses said the gunmen struck as the workmen were turning up for the morning shift at the depot in a Roman Catholic enclave in West Bel-

Police, who said earlier that up to three people were killed, confirmed two deaths. The condition of the injured was not immediately known.

Police said more people would have died had it not been for a garbage truck which provided some cover for the vorkers.

The attack took place just hours after Protestant gunmen shot dead a 72-year-old pensioner and vowed there would be no let-up in retaliation shootings.

The outlawed Ulster Volunteer Force, another hardline Protestant organisation opposed to the IRA's drive to end British rule in Northern Ireland, said retired grocer Sean Fox was "interrogated" for an hour Monday night.

"He admitted his crimes and was executed," it said in a statement to a local radio sta-

The IRA guerrillas, whose weekend bomb went off prematurely, had intended to blow up a secret meeting of Protestant extremists behind a wave of attacks on Catholics. Protestant extremists shot

just after the IRA bombing and warned after the pensioner's death "there will be no let

They issued a warning to keep clear of all the offices and advice centres of Sinn Fein, the political wing of the IRA.

Britain has slammed the door on talks with Sinn Fein whose leader Gerry Adams has offered to broker a ceasefire with the IRA if Britain will accept peace proposals he had worked out in talks with moderate Irish nationalist John Hume.

That provoked an angry response from British Prime Minister John Major who said: "I am not going to deal with people who plant bombs and kill people.

British Home Secretary Michael Howard announced that an exclusion order had been imposed on Mr. Adams, banning him indefinitely from visiting the British mainland.

He had been invited to address British members of parliament by prominent Labour left-winger Tony Benn who said: "There is no justification for this decision."

Four of the victims of Saturday's IRA bomb were buried in Belfast Tuesday. They included a man who had gone with his wife and daughter to buy a funeral wreath for his

father who died in a heart attack last week.

Additional police and troops have been deployed in Belfast in response to the escalating cycle of reprisal attacks, the head of the Northern Ireland police announced Tuesday.

Sir Hugh Annesley of the Royal Ulster Constabulary said the exact number of antiterrorist troops patrolling the streets of Belfast could not be revealed for security reasons. Sir Hugh announced the troop increase shortly after Protestant militants killed the two people.

Meanwhile, police closed a busy London underground rail station and neighbouring roads for an hour Tuesday but said an explosion on the line turned out to be caused by an electrical fault.

Transport police said an empty train was derailed near Epping Station, east of London, and they cleared the area as a precaution in the wake of Irish Republican Army guerrilla bombs on rail tracks west and north of the capital Sunday and Monday.

Trains on the central line of the capital's underground system were halted as the morning rush hour began. But police later gave the all clear saving an electrical switch had blown as the result of the derailment.

A Georgian government soldier (left) uses aknife to cut away the uniform of a fellow soldier

Georgia (AFP photo)

Georgian troops retake another town

forces seized the key town of Senaki in western Georgia Tuesday after hours of heavy fighting with rebels supporting ousted President Zviad Gamsakhurdia, government officials said.

The Defence Ministry and the press office of Georgian leader Eduard Shevardnadze said by telephone there had been casualties on both sides but could not immediately give details.

There was no immediate independent confirmation. With the seizure of Senaki only two towns in the western Georgian province of Mingrelia, including the regional capital of Zugdidi, would remain in rebel hands.

Forces loyal to Gamsakhurdia, elected in 1991 but overthrown in a bloody revolt in January 1992, quickly seized control of much of western Georgia after their leader returned last month from exile in the breakaway Russian region

KIGALI, Rwanda (R)

Prime Minister Sylvie Kinigi of

Burundi Tuesday lifted a dusk-

to-dawn curfew imposed by the

troops who killed President

Melchior Ndadaye and tried to

movement of people can begin

again," she said in a national

address on state-run Burundi

Radio, monitored in neigh-

It was the first time Ms.

Kinigi had spoken on the radio

since the coup, which now

bourhing Rwanda.

"The curfew is over and free

seize power last Thursday.

of Chechenya. Government forces have turned the tide of fighting in recent days and recaptured, with little resistance, the strategic prizes of the Black Sea port of Poti and the road and rail junction of Samtredia.

The prosecutor's office said it had issued warrants for the arrest of leading rebels including Mr. Gamsakhurdia and his military commander, Loti Kobalia.

The ministry said earlier government forces had pressed home their initiative in the latest fighting by pushing to within five kilometres of Senaki and capturing a strategic bridge near the Black Sea port of Poti.

Georgian radio said supporters of the ex-president abandoned the bridge after several hours of fighting.

"The enemy lost a significant quantity of manpower and equipment and fled in panic," it quoted Defence Ministry

She and some ministers are still holed up at the French

embassy in the capital Bujum-

On Monday Burundi's army

generals asked Mr. Kinigi's

government to come out and

take control of the country,

where serious violence has

broken out between the minor-

ity Tutsi tribe and the majority

The military chiefs blamed

the coup on mutinous soldiers

and said they backed the gov-

bura, they said.

spokesman Soso Margishvili as saying.

Reuters Television pictures

taken Monday showed relaxed government troops patrolling the streets and port in Poti. Cans of imported beer and used syringes littered the local headquarters of the rebels, clearly abandoned in a hurry.

Mr. Shevardnadze has told the rebels to "surrender their weapons or be destroyed", predicting victory over the dark forces" within days.

A Defence Ministry spokesman, Gia Chikovani, said the government believed Mr. Gamsakhurdia was probably in his western stronghold of Zugdidi - if, he added ironically, he had not already fled back to Chechenya.

Shevardnadze mockingly described the rebels Monday as "specialists at running away" Gamsakhurdia's hopes of ever returning to power could be fatally undermined if he were forced into exile a second time.

night that the government,

Bniumbura.

Bujumbura.

demanded an amnesty.

troops,"

Burundian premier lifts curfew

UNITED NATIONS (AFP) — The Greek-born singing star backed by loyalist troops, had Nana Mouskouri was named secured some key points in Monday as special representative for the performing arts at the United Nations Children's "Some strategic places are already controlled by these Fund (UNICEF). Mouskouri he said, without givsigned a two-year contract with ing any details. He spoke to UNICEF, which will pay her exactly one dollar for her serthe radio by telephone from vices. "I believe in children," He repeated that the governshe said, calling the new job a great honour." Moustour, who will travel extensively on ment would not negotiate with the coup leaders, who have the job, follows in the foot-"We refuse to discuss with steps of Audrey Hepburn, Liv murderers. First they have to Ulimann, Harry Belafonte, Roger Moore and Peter Ustigo back to their barracks and

Dog bites off part

put down their weapons," he said. nov. UNICEF uses entertain-"After that we hope drum up support for its childinternational community will support programmes. help us by sending a protection

of actor's lip LAS VEGAS (AP) — Actor Jan-Michael Vincent underwent surgery to repair his face after a dog bit off a thumb-sized part of his lip. The attack happened during a dockside victory celebration after Vincent won a Pacific Offshore Powerboat Racing Association race on Lake Mead, a national park service spokeswoman said. "In his exuberance, he reached down to pet a dog that was there with his owners," spokeswoman Karen Whitney said. "The owners warned him not to, but he then did it a second time the dog nipped at him and took off part of his lip." Vincent underwent surgery at Desert Springs Hospital in Las Vegas and was released Monday, a hospital spokesman said. Vincent's manager, Alexandra Lee, refused to comment. Whitney said the dog, a female Rottweiler, was taken by park rangers to the Boulder City Animal Control shelter and later released to its owners. Vincent is best known as a youthful leading man of Hollywood

'Modern-day Rasputin' gets seven years

television and motion pictures

during the 1970s, starring in

the 1975 film White Line Fever

and the 1984 TV series Air-

LONDON (R) — A British court handed a seven-year jall sentence to a confidence trickster who pretended to be possessed by an American Indian. spirit, kept a woman prisoner and tricked her into having sexwith him. Scotsman James Finningham, 34, posed as a wealthy psychic, held seances and pretended to speak through the voice of a dead Indian chief, the court heard. He persuaded a 38-year-old woman to leave home and sleep with him. "He found her to be vulnerable. It was total manipulation. He was almost a modern-day Rasputin," said prosecuting lawyer Maurice Aston, referring to the charismatic Russian monk.

'could be resolved soon Kashmir mosque crisis masked and armed Muslim re-Prophet Mohammad, has trig-

SRINAGAR (AFP) - The Indian authorities are not insisting on the surrender of armed Kashmiri separatists holed up in a mosque here, a senior state official said Tuesday in an indication the crisis could be resolved soon.

Indian officials had previously ruled out granting safe passage to the 50 armed Kashmiri Muslim militants who have been barricaded inside the Hazratbal Mosque, Kashmir's holiest Islamic shrine, for the past 11 days.
But Mehmoud Ur Rehman,

an additional secretary for home affairs, told a news conference that the authorities "are not interested in the surrender or capture of the mili-

"All our efforts are directed to ensure that there is no sacrilege of the shrine," he said, ruling out a military assault on the white-marble complex on the banks of Dal Lake.

Mr. Rehman said that Waiahat Habibullah, another senior Kashmiri official, was making hourly visits to the besieged mosque to try to hammer out an agreement with

SARAJEVO, Bosnia-

Herzegovina (AP) — The Bos-

nian army ordered the people

of Sarajevo to stay inside their

houses Tuesday while troops

searched the city for two re-

negade commanders it consid-

The army set up tank barri-

cades and posted soldiers

around the city. The United

Nations kept its forces off the

streets except for armoured

But as troops sought to soli-

dify Muslim unity behind Bos-

nian President Alija Izetbego-

vic. he faced another challenge

vehicles travelling in pairs.

ers criminals

Army blockades Sarajevo

to catch renegade officers

bels who spoke to him from behind a fence.

Mr. Rehman said without elaborating that the militants were showing signs of "flexibility" and appeared to be "willing to see reason."

The 50 Muslim guerrillas and about 70 Muslim pilgrims have been holed up inside the mosque since the night of Oct. 15, when it was surrounded by troops conducting a routine sweep against separatist rebels.

Mr. Rehman said the government would "remove the cordon of the shrine as soon as we achieve our objective of getting the captives freed and saving the holiest shrine of the Kashmir Valley from desecra-

"If we want we could find the solution within 15 to 30 minutes," Mr. Rehman said in an apparent reference to a storming of the complex by elite commandos. "but we do not want to hurt the religious sentiments of the

The army siege of the Hazratbal Mosque, which houses a hair Kashmiri Muslims believe comes from the beard of the

diers into the enclave to quell

Mr. Abdic blames Mr. Izet-

begovic for contributing to the

war and is critical of him for

not accepting peace terms offered by the Serbs and

Also Tuesday, U.N. officials

announced they were sus-

pended aid convoys to central

Bosnia following the killing of

a Danish relief worker and the

wounding of 11 U.N. soldiers

In Luxembourg, European

Community mediator_Lord

and relief workers Monday.

the rebellion.

Croats.

gered near daily anti-Indian protests in the Muslim-

majority Kashmir Valley. More than 50 demonstrators were shot dead by Indian paramilitary troops Friday when they tried to march on the shrine to force a lifting of the army siege.

In other developments Tuesday, the Indian authorities lifted a curfew imposed on this Kashmir summer capital and a doctor was allowed inside the mosque to examine some of the pilgrims trapped inside. There were also scattered

protests against the army siege of the mosque. Troops used clubs to break up the sporadic protests by several hundred demonstrators

in several downtown neighbourhoods, police said: The government had lifted the curfew here for about five hours Monday but it was reimposed after demonstrators threw stones and shouted abuse at patrolling troops in a

number of places. Kashmir's leading Muslim cleric, Umar Farooq, com-

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Haiti

(AP) - A quick solution to

Haiti's political crisis rested

Tuesday in the hands of law-

makers who thus far have been

too terrorised to enact a peace

Haiti's army chief, Lt.-Gen.

Raoul Cedras, has said he

might quit and let elected Pres-

ident Jean-Bertrand Aristide

return. In exchange, he has

demanded that the scattered

and frightened parliament

meet to grant an amnesty to

those involved in murders

since the army toppled Mr.

Aristide in 1991.

Haiti peace plan goes to a

scattered, scared parliament

plained meanwhile that he is being kept under virtual house arrest.

In a statement smuggled out to journalists, the 20-year-old priest said: "I have been trapped inside my house. My telephone has been cut and I have no contact with the outside world."

In Islamabad, Pakistani police heavily guarded the Indian embassy as hundreds of people staged demonstrations Tuesday against the siege of the Muslim shrine in Kashmir by the Indian forces. In nearby Rawalpindi, de-

monstrators pelted the police with stones as it blocked a procession brought out by the Jammu and Kashmir Liberation Front (JKLF) from entering Islamabad.

Witnesses said angry demonstrators burned tyres on the roads and set a vehicle on fire during skirmishes with the

Prospects that Mr. Aristide

Gen. Cedras and Robert

Malval, Mr. Aristide's prime

minister, met for nearly three

hours Monday at Mr. Maival's

residence. But Frantz Voltaire,

Mr. Malval's chief of staff, said

no agreement was reached on

security for pro-Aristide legis-

lators, a key point if parlia-ment is to achieve a quorum.

Lawmakers and foreign di-

plomats say they fear for the safety of pro-Aristide legisla-

tors despite army assurances.

will return as scheduled are

In Islamabad, police stopped the coup leaders. ching under the banner of fundamentalist Jamaat-I-İslami (JI) Party from going to the

appears to be crumbling. The radio had been controlled by Ms. Kinigi said Burundi's borders and the airport in Bu-Burundian government offiiumbura, both shut by the military since the coup, would soon reopen.

cials in exile in Rwanda said Ms. Kinigi's address was recorded Monday after she chaired a meeting for ministers who survived the coup.

sume our normal activities." Jean Marie Ngedahayo told the minister added. state radio in Rwanda Monday Russia not to dump again in Japan Sea

Mr. Mikhailov said Moscow

Communications Minister

TOKYO (R) — Russia will never again dump nuclear waste into the Sea of Japan after the diplomatic storm unleashed by its mid-October sea burial of radioactive waste, the Russian Atomic Energy Minis-

ter said Tuesday. Minister Viktor Mikhailov told a Tokyo news conference: "As for the Sea of Japan, it will never be repeated."

But he refused to say whether Russia would stop

dumping in other Oceans. "I can't say any more," he

needed foreign financial backing to treat radioactive waste on Russian soil. He proposed other countries finance the project by buying

enriched uranium from the former Soviet Union's nuclear arsenal. He said he had offered to

sell Japan 100 million worth of enriched uranium annually for 20 years but declined to say how Japanese officials responded.

The controversy flared 10

dumped 900 cubic metres (32,000 cubic feet) of low-level waste into the sea some 550

kilometres off Japan's coast-

force before we can really re-

The incident infuriated Japanese public opinion, coming as it did less than a week after Russian President Boris Yeltsin's fence-mending visit to Tokyo. During the visit, Russia and Japan had signed an agreement aimed at ending nuclear contamination of the world's oceans.

The Russian dumping also sparked widespread concern.

EC foreign ministers debate post-Maastricht era

LUXRMBOURG (R) -European Community (EC) foreign ministers met Tuesday to prepare for a summit Friday that will show commitment to the controversial Maastricht Treaty on European Union when it takes effect next week.

But with unemployment in the 12-nation bloc stubbornly high and war raging on its doorstep in former Yugoslavia. few signs of triumphs were visible as the ministers debated a treatry that is meant to signal a new era for EC economic and foreign policy.

External Political Relations Commissioner Hans Den Broek, a member of the EC's Executive Commission, said as he arrived for the ministerial meeting that the EC must restate its commitment to implementing the new treaty which formally comes into operation on Nov. 1.

The decision to go ahead with Friday's gathering in

Brussels was confirmed only when Germany's constitutional court earlier this month reiected challenges to the treaty, thus ending a tortuous process of EC-wide ratification.

France and Denmark, in national referendum, and Britain in a parliamentary vote all had close calls along the road to ratification.

The treaty enshrines the controversial aim of economic and monetary union and calls for the creation of a common foreign and security policy.

Critics, however, have said the inability of the EC to halt the Yugoslav war shows this to be unrealistic.

French Foreign Minister Alain Juppe told reporters Tuesday that implementation of the treaty should get off the Ground as soon as possible now that all states have ratified

British Foreign Secretary

Douglas Hurd also said the treaty now must be put properly into effect, but he said the occasion was not one for flights

"Europe has suffered a lot of rhetoric in the last five or six years. We need now to get on with the things which have to be done," Mr. Hurd said.

He said there was nothing in the treaty that committed the EC to still closer integration in the future, adding that the treaty put the EC on a new track that avoided," steady concentration of power in Brussels."

On foreign policy, the ministers were expected to lay the groundwork for EC leaders to agree on several areas for possible joint action, including supporting the peace process in the Middle East and South Africa and aid to former Yugoslavia. Ministers were also due of

discuss the progress of sevenyear-old negotiations to reach a GATT (General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade) Uruguay round settlement to liberalise world commerce by a target date of Dec. 15.

The fate of the GATT talks is closely linked to a dispute over a U.S.-EC farm trade agreement curbing subsidised exports which France is vehemently opposing.
French President Francois

Mitterrand said in a television interview Monday that he wanted a GATT deal but France would not give in to an American "diktat" on agricultural trade. One EC diplomat said the

whole GATT debate was "political theatre" and that it would not be clear until the final two weeks leading up to the Dec. 15 deadline whether countries were willing to make concessions needed to clinch an agreement.

days ago when Russian tankers Christopher presents NATO

partnership plan to Belarus

MINSK. Belarus (AFP) -U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher presented leaders of Belarus Tuesday with a proposal for partnership in NATO, stating that the plan would strengthen the security

of the former Soviet Republic. The United States considers that Belarus can cooperate with the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) in the area of peacekeeping planning and training and this will provide additional guarantees for its security, Mr. Christopher told a news conference, following one day of talks here.

The Secretary of State, who wrapped up a tour of nuclear states of the former Soviet Union, said the plan would grant Belarus the possibility to consult other NATO membercountries for assistance in defending its sovereignty.

Belarus will be able to call on other member-countries of NATO for consultations if its sovereignty or its territory are threatened, Mr. Christopher said.

He added that Belarus leader Stanislav Shushkevich and Prime Minister Vyacheslav Kebich with whom he met during the visit had agreed to examine the proposal approved by NATO defence ministers at a meeting in Germany last week.

Russia Friday welcomed the U.S. plan to expand NATO gradually to former Warsaw Pact countries and one senior official said President Boris Yeltsin had described the proposal as "terrific." Mr. Yeltsin earlier had sent

a letter to Western leaders opposing full NATO membership of East European countries, charging that Russian security interests were at. stake Under the plan, candidates

for NATO partnership would have to commit themselves to NATO standards on issues such as civilian control of the militray, force structures, equipment and doctrine. The plan opening the way to

gradual NATO membership is aimed at boosting security and stability in Eastern Europe. Mr. Christopher praised the Belarus leadership for its com-

mitment to disarmament and to the dismantling of its 81 nuclear missiles in line with the START I agreement and the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT). The Belarus parliament in February ratified START I and

the NPT agreement amid wellpublicised resistance by its neighbour. Ukraine, in following suit and becoming a nuclear-free country.

There is no other place in

the world where so many steps have been taken to meet the objectives, set out in the nuclear disarmament treaties, Mr. Christopher said.

The U.S. official Monday

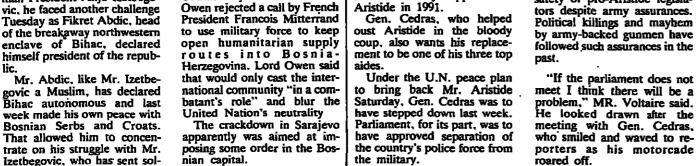
igned an agreement with Ukrainian Foreign Minister Anatoly Zlenko on dismantling part of Ukraine's nuclear arsenal but Kiev did not offer any concrete commitment to ratify START I soon. Mr. Shushkevich confirmed his country's pledge to meet the year 2000 deadline set out

in the START I treaty for dismantling the missiles, adding that efforts were currently underway to ensure fullcompliance. "The timetable for with-

drawing nuclear weapons from Belarus will not exceed seven years," Mr. Shushkevich stated.

Mr. Christopher also offered Belarus technical assistance in organising parliamentary elections scheduled for March. stating that the aid was in line with U.S. efforts to foster democracy in former Soviet republics.

The U.S. official travelled to the Baltic country of Latvia and was expected to raise the issue of minority rights for ethnic Russians during talks with officials there



Prince Abdullah in UAE

ABU DHABI (Petra) — His Royal Highness Prince Abdullah Ibn Al Hussein, president of the Jordanian Football Federation. Tuesday arrived here on a private visit to the United Arab Emirates (UAE).

Prince Abdullah was received upon arrival by Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Sheikh Hamdan Ben Zayed Al Nahyan, who is also president of the UAE Soccer Federation, Sheikh Rashed Ben Hamdan, president of Jazirah Sports Club, and the Jordanian ambassador to the UAE.

Prince Abduliah attended a friendly football match held

Tuesday night between the Jordanian and UAE national

The UAE national team won the match 2-0.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Karpov rules out unification match

JAKARTA (R) - As Russia's Anatoly Karpov moved within a point of the World Chess Championship, members of his camp dismissed any chance of a unification match with the unofficial world champion, compatriot Garry Kasparov. Karpov drew with Jan Timman of the Netherlands in the 18th game of the World Chess Championship Monday. Kasparov, 30, who captured the world title from Karpov in 1985 but was stripped of it in April, recently completed an unofficial title defence in London and still claims to be the legitimate world champion. Sponsors are thought to be interested in staging a match to decide the true champion. But Kaprov, 42, who strongly believes in his normal and legal right to the world title, dismissed the speculation, saying recently: "I am not too interested." Sources close to Karpov were more forthright. "There is no chance of a match between the two in the foreseeable future," said one of Karpov's Russian aides, Oleg Ladichenko. "Relations between the two players are not just bad — there are no relations between the two players."

Federation probes Senna attack

TOKYO (AFP) — World motor sport chief Max . Mosely remained tight-lipped here Tuesday over reports that Formula One superstar Ayrton Senna punched rookie driver Eddie Irvine after his Japanese Grand Prix victory. The International Automobile Federation president said he would see an official report on the incident when he returned to federation headquarters in Paris Wednesday. "I can't say anything special until I see an official report," he said. Mosely refused to comment on the Brazilian's attack on Irvine, racing his first Grand Prix for the Jordan Hart team. "I don't really know what has happened. I've only read press reports," he said. John Corsmit, the federation observer at Suzuka, was expected to file a formal report on the incident which soured Senna's 40th career Grand Prix win. Senna, a three-time world champion, was seen arguing loudly and punching Irvine in the team motor home after the race. Irvine, a Northern Irish regular on Japan's F-3000 circuit battled wheel-to-wheel with Englishman Damon Hill's Williams Renault, temporarily blocking Senna's attempt to Jap them. Irvine later said: "I'm going to sue him."

Substitutes help Benfica to win

376

٠٥٤ ي .

្ ទ 🍹

الأن.م. ع

LISBON (R) — Two late substitutions helped Benfica come from behind in the final eight minutes and beat Pacos De Ferreira 2-1 away Monday. The victory took Benfica into second place in the Portuguese first division, two points behind leaders Sporting and narrowly ahead of third-placed Boavista on goal differences: Croat striker Rudez Thivomir opened the scoring for middle-of-the-table Pacos de Ferreira in the 62nd minute, slipping the ball past advancing Benfica keeper Adelino Neno. But 13 minutes before the final whistle Benfica coach Antonio Oliveira replaced defenders Abel Xavier and Antonio Veloso with strikers Sergie Yuran and Ailton Delfino. Within live minutes the the score, Yuran heading the ball down for Delfino to hammer the ball into the net. Joao Pinto scored the winner in the final minute after a goalmouth scramble.

Czechoslovaks must beat Cyprus

PRAGUE (R) — The Czechoslovak team go into Wednesday's World Cup so cer qualifier against Cyprus knowing nothing less than victory will be enough to keep alive their hopes of making next year's finals. Coach Vaclav Jezek plumps for class and experience in the shape of Tomas Skuhravy, one of the stars of the 1990 World Cup in Italy, Peter Duborsky, pour with Real Madrid, and Imbornic Peter Dubovsky, now with Real Madrid, and Lubomir Moravcik, playmaker with St. Etienne in France. "We must play offensively to score as soon as possible in order to calm the team," Jezek said. "We must not stumble, the loss of a single point would be fatal."

GOREN BRIDGE

Both vulnerable. South deals. NORTH

· 1993 Troune Meda Smuces in AVOID THE TROUBLE

2 A 10 6 Q 3 Q J 10 8 6 # A Q 3 EAST WEST 4 4 A K 10 9 6 2 9 7 4 A 5 48652 **∳K97**

SOUTH 4 K J 9 7 5 2 + 1 10 4 The bidding:
South West North East
Pass Pass 1 1

1 + 2 2 + 3
4 + Pass Pass Pass
Opening lead: Four of
Follow the play of this hand, then
judge South's ability. Was declarer un expert, an average player or a

It might seem that South's jump to four spades was something of a stretch, but that's not really the case. North would not have much wastage in hearts, so not only was there a good trump suit, but South's king in opener's suit had to be up-graded and the chib honors would

المراب للمساور والمراب والمعارف وأمليها والإمامة والمساور

mesh well with any holding in the North hand. West led a heart to East's king

and declarer ruffed the ace continuation. When the ace and king of spades did not bring down the queen, declarer started on diamonds. West took the ace imm ately and shifted to a club, and there was no way declarer could avoid los-ing a trick in each suit—down one.

ing a trick in each suit—down one. What's your opinion?

Regardless of whether the game was rubber bridge or duplicate, South deserves no more than an average rating. At rubber bridge, there's an obvious avoidance play to secure the contract. After ruffing the heart, declarer should cash the king of spades and continue with a spade to the ten. If the finesse wins, declarer will make 11 tricks. If it loses, the club suit is safe from attack and declarer can establish the diamonds for two club discards from hand, thereby avoiding a club loser.

diamonds for two club club floser.
At duplicate, South should realize that, with only 23 high-card points in the North-South holding, some pairs would not bid the game. Therefore, simply nailing down 10 tricks would make a good score and the same of the same the avoidance play again should have been taken.



Tapie ready to quit

PARIS (AFP) — Beleaguered Olympiqe Marseille owner Bernard Tapie says he will get out of football as soon he finds someone to take over his club. "I think it's in the interests

of everybody, the club, the fans, the sponsors, TV," he told the sports daily L Equipe in an interview Tuesday. "But I won't be blackmailed into leaving," he warned. "It would have been easy to leave

when things started going wrong but I'm determined to hold everything together, even if I have to take all the flak." French Football League President Noel Le Graet has

called on Tapie to resign to save France's most successful

The football authorities, who publish details of an audit into Marseille's accounts Thursday, could relegate the club to a lower division if it was shown to be insolvent. They handed out similar punishment to Bordeaux, Brest and Toulonin the past two years.

Tapie, who said he wants to

concentrate on his political career, dismissed reports of a 400 million franc (\$69 million)

However, he added: "Four hundred million in liabilities is not 400 million in debts." He was evidently counting on his assets -- his players as

Marseille do not own their Velodrome Stadium --- to cover the liabilities.

The millionaire businessman said Marseille's real debts amounted to 65 million francs (\$11.2 million). The club's exclusion from the European Cup for their alleged attempt to bribe Valenciennes players to throw a match had caused a shortfall of 100 million francs

(\$17.25 million). To that could be added a 30 million franc (\$5.2 million)

But all that could be erased if I sell two or three players by the end of the season," he said. He said the \$11 million sale

of Alen Boksic to Italian side Lazio left the club needing to find 65 million francs. If local authorities met their commitments, he claimed, Marseille would need to find only 15 million francs (\$2.6 million) which he would put in himself.

If you had listened you would have known I was saying before the European Cup final that the history of great French clubs always finishes badly. That's why I've felt for more than a year I needed to install the same sort of structures as the Italian clubs.'

Reins, who played Real Madrid in the first two European Cup finals in the 1950s. went bankrupt. St. Etienne, the next French club to reach the European Cup final, in 1976, have never recovered since tax inspectors discovered they ran a slush fund to pay players like Michel Platini.

FLAT FOR RENT

First floor about 230 Sq.M., consists of 3 bedrooms 3 bathrooms , 3 salons , telephone . Location, Om Al-Sommag, behind Sindibad gas station For more information please call 601719

SECRETARY WANTED

Fluent English - Computer skills.

Call 685858 for appointment.

NEW APARTMENT FOR RENT

Unfurnished, newly-built, deluxe apartment. Contains: 2 bedrooms, L-shaped salon, kitchen, 2

First floor with intercome, garage, central heating. Yearly rent: JD 3,500. Location: Al Weibdeh, close to means of transportation.

Call: 645017

EACE

with yourself. wear your birthstone.

AJANI

Amra Hotel — Amman.

5 left in final World Cup gamble

DOHA (Agencies) — Erratic essential to sustain Japan's play on the pitch and behind campaign to stage the 2002 the-scenes wrangling off it has turned Thursday's Asian World Cup finale into a lot-

Any two teams from Japan. Saudi Arabia, South Korea, Iraq and Iran oculd book a passage to the U.S. finals next year with three games to go. A lack of consistency that has seen only Japan string together two consecutive wins

means only one point separates

the top five. "The current standings has turned our job into a nightmare," admitted one tournament organiser. "With all Thursday's games being played at the same time, we will have to double and triple-check everything before announcing the two qualifiers. It wil almost certainly be on goal

Table-toppers Japan play Iraq, second-placed Saudi Arabia take on Iran, while South Korea meet North Korea, the only team who know they cannot qualify. It was decided to play the

games simultaneously in three separate stadiums so no team had the advantage of knowing their rivals' result Everyone must go for a win, but each team, except North

pitch pressure. Japan, with striker Kazuyoshi Miura back in form, are in the best position after their wins over Iran and South

Korea, faces increasing off the

Korea took them from bottom Qualification for America is finals. No team which has never qualified for the World Cup fionals has ever staged the event and defeat here could let South Korea take over as fron-

trunners to Asia's first finals. Iraq's campaign to embar-rass the American hosts of the finals was upset by the replacement of Adnan Derjal as coach after just one game, and by the tournament's worst disciplinary record.

Iraq have had two players sent off and received 10 bookings. They need to win by a big margin against Japan but will be without suspended target man Saad Numan. At least history is on Iraq's

side, as Japan have never beaten them Saudi Arabia also have off-

the-field problems as they look for a win against Iran. Coach Jose Candido resigned because of interference from Saudi Federation offi-

cials, who include senior members of the royal family, according to officials who witnessed arguing during the Saudi-Iraq game Sunday.

The officials, who requested anonymity, said a telephone call was received from Riyadh ordering the substitution of goalkeeper Mohammed Al Deayea after he let in a firstminute goal.

Candido, one of a long line of Brazilian coaches to manage Saudi Arabia, was heard to say after the keeper came off that the Saudi campaign would go on "without me."

Saudi Arabia's best attacker

Saeed Owairan is suspended for the Iran game at the Khalifa Stadium. One of the officials who heard the arguing Sunday commented: "The new coach Ahmad A! Khrashi is a Saudi so he will need to get "royal approval" for his selection."

Iran's ageing side has been boosted by the four goals of young striker Ali Daii, who has turned down approaches from Bayern Munich of Germany and Turkish champions Galatsary. Iran will have Majid Namjou Motlach suspended.

South Korea, who play North Korea, will be playing for the future of their coach Kim Ho as well as a third successive World Cup finals

Giving away a last minute goal to Saudi Arabia and losing to Japan has left them in third place after four games. Kim said his players have fitness problems and have not acclimatised to the Oatar heat.

The defeat to Japan, almost as big a rival as the North Koreans, will already have put Kim's job on the line. A win is crucial to save the former South Korean international de-

North Korean assistant coach Yun Myung Chun said: "We do not have any hope of qualifying but we will not abandon the tournament. We are going to play hard, no-one likes to be a loser.

Meanwhile South Koreans, who revere soccer as a major national sport, received with shock the news of their national team's 1-0 defeat to Japan.

American players in their

ranks, pivot Fred Roberts, for-

mer, Milwaukee Bucks player

Denis Williams and Tony Mas-

"It's a second National Humiliation Day," the national Yonhap News Agency said in a dispatch from Doha, equating the defeat to Japan's takeover of Korea in 1910 as a colony. That day is remembered by many Koreans as a National Humiliation Day.

"(We) lost to Japan in every sense, in skills, teamwork, fighting spirit." Yonhap said.
Millions of South Koreans stayed up until after midnight to watch the game televised live. On Tuesday, the defeat was a major topic among morning commuters and office

The loss was especially galling because South Korea has. always dominated Japan in soccer. It had 42 wins, 13 draws and only seven defeats to Japan before Monday and had never lost to Japan in

World Cup competition.

But this time, Japan controlled most of the match and penetrated the Korean defence

"It was a nightmare to see a match like that," Yonhap said. "the match was like competition between a pro team and an early morning neighbourhood team.'

The state KBS Television said, "we all were taken aback to see such a shameful match. There was no strategy, no will to fight.'

The South Korean media blamed team manager Kim Ho for the defeat, accusing him of disrupting teamwork by assigning some players to the wrong

But big rivals Real Madrid.

unceremoniously bounced out

of the final four series by

Limoges in Athens, once again

start title favourites:

JOB

OPPORTUNITY

An international organisation is

seeking a creative marketing man-

ager with either a minimum of 3

years experience and/or a uni-

versity degree in marketing.

Knowledge of international market

is a plus. Female preferable. Must

be fluent in English and Arabic.

Send CV to

Fax 612902 or

P.O. Box 9363, Amman 11191,

Jordan.

VACANCY

New industrial company has an opening for a

storekeeper. The applicant should be young, energetic, holding a degree in business stu-

Crown lies uneasy on European basketball champions

LONDON (R) — Europe's club basketball season moves into top gear this week with the crown already lying uneasy on the heads of last season's sur-

prise champions Limoges.

The French have been inpoor form since clinching the title in Athens in April and much is expected from newcomer Danny Young, an experienced player with 567 matches in the NBA.

Currently fourth in the French League. Limoges disappointed in the high-profile Munich International Tournament won by the NBA's Phoenx Suns Saturday. They lost the third place

playoff to Real Madrid despite a handsome 30 points from Limoges other American Young, Michael, the architect of their Athens victory over Benetton Treviso.

Limoges start the semfinal series Thursday with a tough match in Barcelona and may be without playmaker Frederic Forte, who hurt his ankle in

"We're still chasing our best form and we might find it difficult against Barcelona, especially if Frederic can't play," said Limoges player Richard Dacoury. "Danny Young should help

us a lot. From what I saw in Munich, he's just the kind of player we need but he will probably need time to adapt." Barcelona start their cam-

paign with their tails up. Top of the Spanish League with eight wins from nine matches, they have beaten both Real Madrid and Spain's third European League candidate Joventut Badalona.

Barcelona have three new

CAR FOR SALE

1990 TOYOTA Corolla, 1600cc, duty unpaid. For information, please contact to: Mr. Kemal, Turkish Embassy - tel. 641251

FURNISHED FLAT FOR RENT Furnished, 2 bedroom flat with telephone, independent

central heating, garage and carpet; also unfurnished oneroom flat; both located between 4th & 5th Circles of Jabal

For inquiries call 678376

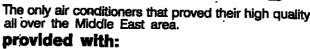
FURNISHED APARTMENT FOR RENT

Ground floor, with garden, separate entrance, central heating and telephone. The apartment consists of three bedrooms, two salons, front glassed-in veranda. Fully furnished apartment with all electrical equipment and kitchen utensils. Location: north Mecca Street, behind Kanaan fuel station, beside the engineers' housing.

For further information and examining he apartment, please call Tel: 818988

AL-ZAMIL

AIR CONDITIONERS



★ Warranty for one year * After sale maintenance

All types & sizes are available at: Mechanical Engineers - Abdul Rahim Taha Tel. 611996, fax 624689, Tix. 21680 ARTCO

& MEC Trading Corp. Tel. 642722

dies and computer literate. If you are Jordanian and looking for a stable career with prospects to advance, send your CV with confidence to P.O.Box (950368) - Amman 11195 - Jordan.

> International company seeks **General Managers**

for local and international branches minimum 3 to 5 years experience.

University graduate. Fluent in English and Arabic. Strong sales and communication skills. Flexible, energetic team player.

Please send CV and cover letter to: **Human Resources** P.O.Box 960913 Amman - Jordan

Tel.: 634144 PHILADELPHIA

CONCORD CONCORD T' **QUICK CHANCE** Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30

CONCORD '2'

131 - WORKS Arabic

PLAZA

Nour Sharif — Sabrin

Tel.: 675571 Nabil Al Machini Theatre presents a play entitled: Al IIm Nuron

A popular political comedy Actors: Abeer Issa, Daoud Jalajel, Hassan Al Shaer, Fuad Shomali In addition to other comedians Every night at 8:15 Tickets are sold all day

AHLAN THEATRE

The political comedy WELCOME ARAB SUMMIT

Daily 8:30 p.m. The theatre closes Saturday and Sunday English synopsis available

Nabil & Hisham's Td.: 625155

Cinema T 0 A D

JURASSIC PARK Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30

Tel.: 677420

THUNDER HEART Shows: 12:30, 3:15, 6, 8:15, 10:15

Shows: 12:30, 3:15, 5:00, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30

U.S. Jewish team ends visit saying Jordan is committed to peace

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — An American Jewish delegation ended a twoday visit to Jordan Tuesday, saying it found a firm Jordanian commitment to the Middle East peace process, but with little success in influencing the Kingdom to dilute its commitment to the Arab boycott of Israel before a peace settlement is reached with the Jewish state.

Robert Lifton, president of the American Jewish Congress (AJC) and leader of the delegation which included businessmen, however, described as highly valuable a meeting the 10-member team had with a group of Jordanian businessmen at the Chamber of Industry Tuesday.

"We opened the door for contacts and communications on a personal basis," Mr. Lifton told the Jordan Times shortly before the delegation left by road to cross the River Jordan.

"The Jordanian businessmen promised that they would seek means for cooperation with American firms' which are now denied entry to the Arab market under the secondary part of the boycott because of their business links with Israel, he said.

Before the meeting, Mr. Lifton said the delegation would discuss "the kind of things that could be done in the region and how they could be accomplished and what kind of infrastructure exists for them and the best way to do them."

"The idea is to cut through politics and arrive at issues that directly concern business," he

By and large, Mr. Lifton said after the meeting, "we found a firm commitment and tremendous interest on the part of the Jordanian leadership and Jordanians to the

His Majesty King Hussein met with the delegation Monday and reaffirmed Jordan's commitment to seeking a comprehensive solution to the Middle East conflict through the two-year-old U.S.-backed eace negotiations.

MOGADISHU (Agencies) -

United Nations peacekeepers stayed on the sidelines as rival

clans battled across Mogadishu

for a second day on Tuesday,

About 50 Somalis have been

wounded in the two days of

fighting, they said. At least 10 people were killed in a clash on

the green line dividing the capital on Monday.
Battles had now spread to

The fighting is the most se-

rious between clans in Moga-

dishu for several months

although 70 at least of foreign

soldiers and hundreds of

Somalis have been killed since

June in an undeclared war be-

tween the U.N. peacekeeping mission and General Moham-

mad Farah Aideed's militia.

U.N. officials stressed that

[I.N. troops would not inter-

three sections of the city.

U.N. officials said.

Jordan's position, officials ture for Arabs to lift the econoexplained, is that the issue of the boycott of Israel was part of the conflict and the measure was adopted by the Arab League, and, as such, the Kingdom cannot adopt any un-

mic boycott of Israel.

destined dispatch.

achieved," he added.

last week.

"It is early now to speak of

lifting the Arab boycott,"

Hakam Balawi, a close aide to

Mr. Arafat, was quoted as

saying by Reuters in a Dubai-

"This decision requires a

unanimous vote by the Arab

League (Ministerial Council

when comprehensive peace is

The American Jewish de-

legation, which arrived here

from Saudi Arabia Monday,

began its visit in Cairo, where

it met with President Mubarak

and Mr. Arafat, who flew

there from Tunis for the meet-

ing immediately after talks

with U.S. envoy Dennis Ross

Asked how the group

viewed a Jordanian call on the

American Jewish community

to use its political influence to

ensure a comprehensive, just

and durable Middle East set-

tlement is reached, Mr. Lifton

"There is an overwhelming

support among the American

Jewish community for the

peace process and we will re-

main actively engaged in sup-

porting and encouraging it."

leave the specifics to the par-

ties directly involved in the

(negotiating) process. There is

a firm commitment to peace

from the government of

The delegation, which repre-

sents a cross-section of Amer-

ican Jewish leaders including a

woman, former attorney-

general-designate Zoe Baird,

apparently did not make much

headway with the Saudis either

in its quest to end the secon-

Saudi leaders told the team

that their country supported

the peace process but did not

indicate what they intended to

do in response to the call for an

end to the ban on firms trading

steps should be taken, signals

given, that would encourage

the Israelis," Mr. Lifton said.

But the delegation heard "no

affirmation of what the Saudis

Mogadishu's otherwise calm

Aideed gunmen stopped a "peace march" into their terri-

tory from an enclave control-

led by Gen. Aideed's enemy,

self-styled President Ali Mahdi

tic U.N. requests to call off the

march because Gen. Aideed's

gunmen had threatened to fire

on the demonstrators, he

urged UU.N. forces to protect

in 19 months between the two

warlords whose vicious power

struggle reduced much of cen-

tral Mogadishu to rubble be-fore U.S.-led forces landed

Lansana Kouyate, the depu-

ty U.N. chief in Somalia, met Mr. Ali Mahdi on Tuesday,

It was the first major battle

Mr. Ali Mahdi rejected fran-

Mohammad.

in December.

The fighting erupted when

"We made the point that

dary boycott.

with Israel.

But, he added, "we have to

ilateral move in this respect. Once the root of the conflict is removed and an Arab-Israeli peace settlement is reached then the issue of boycott could be discussed, they say.

Furthermore, Israel cannot hope to enjoy any lifting of the boycott while it maintains the occupied territories as a monopoly by imposing its own controls over goods entering the Palestinian market, they

Mr. Lifton emphasised that his group's role was "not to tell anyone what to do, but to raise the point that the secondary boycott and the anti-boycott legislation" had a negative bearing on American firms doing buisness with the Arab World.

American laws bar U.S. firms from complying with the requirements of the Arab Boycott of Israel Office. The requirements include certificates of origin and other com pliance documents. In theory, without these documents the goods will not be allowed into the Arab countries.

But U.S. companies issue the documents then they are subject to prosecution and heavy fines imposed by the U.S. government.

Mr. Lifton stressed that an improved climate was essential to encourage U.S. companies to do business with the Arab

"We explained that the secondary boycott might end being counterproductive to the very thing that everyone wanted, that is investment in the Middle East in order to improve the living standards and quality of life of the people of the region," he told the Iordan Times.

"This is what we told (Egyptian) President Hosni Mubarak and (Palestine Liberation Organisation) Chairman Yasser Arafat," he said.

In Dubai, a senior PLO official said Monday it was prema-

Clan war rages in Mogadishu

halt the clashes.

vene although contacts had been made with clan elders to

inter-clan violence will subside

and we will be able to get back to dialogue." said U.N. milit-

arv spokesman Captain Tim

There was a possibility that U.S. President Bill Clinton's special envoy Robert Oakley

might return to Mogadishu to

try to start peace talks, the spokesman said, but he was

scattered heavy machine gun and small arms fire could be

heard in several neighbour-

By nightfall the fighting had largely subsided. But Sporadic

gunfire and the thump of occa-

sional rifle-propelled grenade

blasts still resounded through

unable to confirm it.

"We're still hopeful that the

NEWS IN BRIEF

Israell, Palestinian aid groups meet

LONDON (AP) - The presidents of Israeli and Palestinian emergency aid groups met in England on Monday during an international conference of the national Red Cross and Red Crescent societies. David Barzilai, head of Israel's Red Shield of David organisation, and Fathi Arafat, president of the Palestinian Red Crescent Society, held a meeting "marked by an atmosphere of mutual trust and understanding" according to a news release from the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies. At the meeting in Birmingham, the two men stated their "firm intent" to develop relations between their institutions in several areas, it said. The federation groups all the national societies worldwide and tries to coordinate natural disaster relief appeals. The Israeli society is not yet a member of the organisation, and its presence at the gathering indicate it is on the way to membership.

Convicted murderer hanged in Damascus

DAMASCUS (AP) - A Syrian man, convicted of triple murder and theft, was hanged in a public square early Tuesday. The government newspaper Tishrin identified the convict as Yassin Al Hafi, 36. It said Hafi, armed with a pistol, stormed into a pharmacy in Lebanon's border town of Anjar on Dec. 21, 1992, shot the owner and her assistant to death and fled back to Syria after stealing their money and jewelry. The owner of the pharmacy was identified as Nazla Hamza and her assistant as Huda Al Ajami. Both were Lebanese. On Jan. 26, he escorted a friend, Ibrahim Fattah, to an apartment building in the Yarmouk district of Damascus where Fattah was buying a flat. On the staircase, he hacked Fattah with an axe he had hidden under his clothes, robbed him of 250,000 pounds (\$6,000) and fled in the victim's car. Fattah bled to death. Hafi was arrested two months later after the building's landlord testified he had seen him enter the building with Fattah. During interrogation, he confessed to murdering the

Eitan running for prime minister

TEL AVIV (AP) — Right-wing politician Rafael Eitan, the army's chief of staff during the 1982 Lebanon invasion, announced Tuesday he was running for prime minister. Mr. Eitan, 64, speaking at a news conference, called for moving up the elections because of the Sept. 13 Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) accord which he opposes. His Tsomet party objects to dialogue with the group. The next election scheduled for 1996, will be Israel's first in which the premier is elected directly. By the old system, by which Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin was chosen in 1992, a prime minister had to negotiate for a parliament majority. Mr. Eitan's candidacy is likely to harm electoral chances for Benjamin Netanyahu, leader of the opposition Likud party, by splitting the right-wing vote.

Israeli trade team to visit India

NEW DELHI (AFP) - A high-powered Israeli trade delegation is to visit India in January as a follow-up to a proposal to grant most favoured nation trading (MFN) status to each other, the Israeli embassy said Tuesday. The trade team, comprising officials from 40 Israeli firms, will tour the country to discuss tie-ups, cooperation and technology transfer, counsellor for economic affairs Samy Ofri said. A combination of India's cheap and skilled manpower and Israel's advanced technology would benefit both sides, he said, adding that more than 12 Israeli companies had decided to set up manufacturing bases in India. There was vast potential in the farm and drug sectors, Mr. Ofri added.

Mubarak: Egypt safest place on Earth

WASHINGTON (R) — Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak said that politically motivated violence in Egypt was declining and his country had become the safest place on Earth. "The violence is going down now, and our country is much more interview broadcast Tuesday on the ABC news programme 'Good Morning America." Mr. Mubarak, whose comments were taped Monday after he met President Bill Clinton at the White House, said Egypt still needed the United States to maintain current aid levels to fund development projects. "We hope that the level of aid can continue because we're going through an economic reform, which needs the support of the United States. "Any sharp cuts would create problems for Egypt, he said.

Lebanese ex-servicemen get rise in pensions

BEIRUT (R) — The Lebanese parliament passed a law increasing army pensions on Tuesday in a bid to defuse a dispute with the military command. The army command. angered by parliament's failure to raise pensions in an Oct. 12 session, next day pulled soldiers off checkpoints where they reinforced police searching cars and checking motorists papers under a campaign to impose civil order. It was not immediately known if the army would now reverse its order. Troops still man permanent checkpoints around army bases, Beirut airport and Palestinian refugee camps. The 40,000-strong army is trying to bring order to Lebanon after 15 years of civil war which ended in 1990. State Minister for Finance Fuad Siniora said the increased pensions would cost the treasury 31 billion Lebanese pounds (\$18 million) in 1993.

3 Israeli soldiers wounded in shelling

MARJAYOUN (AFP) - Three Israeli soldiers were wounded Tuesday when their position was shelled in Israel's self-declared "security zone" in South Lebanon, security officials said. Several mortar shells hit Sojud, on the edge of the zone's central sector, and an adjacent position occupied by Israel's proxy militia, the South Lebanon Army (SLA). Israeli artillery gunners retaliated by pounding the Iqlim Al Tufah hills, a stronghold of Hizbollah guerrillas near the port city of Sidon. Lebanese police gave no immediate report of casual-ties. On Monday, three Katyusha rockets and seven mortar shells were fired at the SLA in Sojud but missed their targets. security officials said.

Police use tear-gas at Kashmiri protest

ISLAMABAD (R) - Pakistani police fired tear-gas Tuesday to disprese about 300 Kashmiri separatists protesting against the arrest of their leader in Belgium last week. The militants of the Jammu and Kashmir Liberation Front (JKLF) gathered on the outskirts of Islamabad to march on the Belgian embassy to deliver a letter protesting the arrest in Brussels on Oct. 18 of visiting leader Amanullah Khan. Hundreds of police opened fire with tear-gas to disperse the crowd, forcing them back toward Islamabad's twin city of Rawalpindi. "Two Satans are enemies of Kashmir — India and Pakistan," the separatists shouted. They hurled stones at police, set fire to a police van and smashed the windows of cars and buses at the busy junction just outside Islamabad.

Iraq to restore satellite links with Asia

BAGHDAD (AFP) - Iraq is set to restore its satellite links with South East Asian countries, India, Pakistan, and Australia, the telecommunications chief said Tuesday. Ghassan Abdul Razzak Al Aani, quoted in Baghdad newspapers, said repairs at the Dajeil satellite station which was hadly damaged in the 1991 Gulf war had almost been completed. Iraq plans to restore telephone, telex and audiovisual links via an Indian satellite connected to Dajeil, 80 kilometres north of Baghdad, he said. Mr. Aani said Baghdad was to contact Intelsat, the organisation in charge of international communications, to seek authorisation for Dajeil to go back in service. In July, the Iraqi authorities announced plans to beam television programmes abroad via satellite.

Kuwaiti leaders see continuing Iraqi threat

KUWAIT (Agencies) — Crown Prince Sheikh Saad Al Abdullah Al Sabah said Tuesday Iraq was looking for a chance to re-invade Kuwait.

Sheikh Saad spoke at a parliament session marking the end of the legislature's summer

"The danger that threatens our dear country is still there... waiting for another chance,' he said. "I'm not saying that to exaggerate or terrorise... I'm just stating facts and carrying out my duty. He made no suggestion as to how Kuwait could counter the

threat. But the emirate has signed 10-year defence pacts with the United States, Britain and France since the Gulf war. The three nations were key contributors to the coalition that evicted the Iraqi army from Kuwait in February 1991. ending a seven-month occupa-

tion of the emirate. Sheikh Saad said Iraq had yet to recognise the new border drawn by the United Nations after the crisis. The line placed 11 oil wells from Iraq's Rumaileh oil field in Kuwait

territory. It also gave Kuwait Iraq's naval base at Umm Qast.

The crown prince said another cause for concern was Baghdad's failure to release over 700 Kuwaitis and other nationals arrested during the occupation. Iraq denies it

holds any prisoners of war. Sheikh Saad said Kuwait was willing to "forgive" Arab states that remained sympathetic to Iraq during the war, provided their governments declare support for the postwar U.N. resolutions related to the conflict and call on Iraq to comply with them.

The resolutions demand among other things that Iraq's stock and ability to provide weapons of mass destruction be dismantled, that Baghdad pay war reparations and recognise the new border.

As for those who still insist on their blind support for the Iraqi regime against Kuwait... the Kuwaiti people will never forget their wrongdoing or surpass their shameful stances, Sheikh Saad said.

Opposition claims revolt continuing at Libya bases

CAIRO (AP) — A Libyan army rebellion that the country's air force tried to quell last week spread and may be continuing in at least five bases, exiled opposition leaders asserted Tuesday.

Libyan leader Muammer Oadhafi has been in power since 1969 and the military is believed the only force capable of dislodging him. It was un-clear whether the reported revolt constituted a coup attempt or a mutiny over service condi-

The Libyan embassy in Cairo denied there was either. An embassy official referred a questioner to a statement from the government in Tripoli that said nothing out of the ordinary has happened.

Inside Libya, the government declared Tuesday a day of mourning and severed links with the outside for 12 hours, to commemorate thousands of Libyan's expulsion by Italian occupation forces 82 years ago. Observances included detonating land mines allegedly left by Italian colonisers, transmitting only black-and-white television

programmes and turning off street lights at night.

Western diplomats in the Libyan capital and opposition leaders abroad reported last week that the air force put down on Oct. 17-18 revolt by army units in Misratah and Bani Walid in eastern Libya. They said many officers were executed and arrested.

But on Tuesday Abdul Hamid Bakoush, a former Libyan prime minister who is a political refugee in Cairo, said the rebels maintained control of those bases by late Monday.

After the air force attacked the two camps, the protests spread to at least three others. Mr. Bakoush said. He named them as Al Zawiyah, 50 kilometres west of Tripoli, and Tarhunah, about 50 kilometres south of Tripoli, where Colonel Qadhafi reportedly is building a clandestine chemical

weapons plant (see page 2). The mutineers are still in control. It has not been liquidated," he told the Associated Press. "The government is not attacking them now, and it looks like there may be negotiations going on."

Denktash: Commonwealth destroyed agreement basis

NICOSIA (Agencies) — Tur-kish Cypriot leader Rauf De-nktash said Tuesday the basis for a settlement of the Cyprus problem was destroyed by the final communique of the Com-

monwealth summit.

Mr. Denktash said the reference to Cyprus in the final communique "is biased because it was adopted without hearing the Turkish Cypriot side and does not conform to the principles of justice."

The communique was approved unanimously on Monday by the 47 leaders of the association of Britain and its former dependencies attending the five-day biennial summit in the coastal city of

Mr. Denktash told a news conference in the Turkish-

Cypriot sector of the divided capital that the communique showed President Glafcos Clerides, the Greek Cypriot leader, "has no intention to come to terms with the Turkish Cypriots."

The communique has destroyed the basis for any agreement, he said.

The communique demanded the speedy withdrawal of the estimated 35,000 Trukish troops and 50,000 mainland settlers from the Turkishoccupied north of the island. It also demanded the return of the 180,000 Greek Cypriot refugees to their homes in the

U.N. Security Council resolutions demand the with-drawal of "foreign" troops and settlers, without a direct reference to Turkish troops.

Released cadet testifies in State Security Court

AMMAN (Petra) — A military cadet Tuesday told the State Security Court he was among those detained for a while for questioning in an assassination plot against His Majesty King Hussein but that he was not exposed to beating or any other form of torture throughout his detention.

The cadet, whose name was withheld by the court, said he was visited once every two weeks in prison by a female representative of the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) and that the meals that he received in prison were good and the same as those offered to members of the Armed Forces.

The cadet, who was a student at the Police Academy of Muta University, told the court that he had abandoned his study there in 1992 in order to enter a religious college.

He said that he was arrested on April 27, 1993, on suspicion that he belonged to a banned political organisation and that carried out sabotage activities inside the university. He said he was released on Aug. 12,

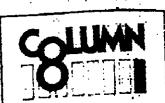
At the outset of Tuesday's session, lawyers for the third defendant presented a written memo to the court, presided over by Colonel Hafez Amin, in which the defendant asked to change one paragraph in his earlier testimony to the court or that the court retry him.

Objecting to the motion, Prosecutor Major Mohannad Hitazi said the request contradicted the facts. He said the defendant's testimony showed contradiction between those of two defence witnesses, namely the third defendant's nucle and his brother. Major Hijazi also said that

there could be no retrial after the defendant had given his testimony and was crossexamined in court.

The court rejected the defence request saying that there was no justification for hearing the defendant again.

Ten people are being tried by the court on charges of plotting to open fire at King Hussein and for plotting to topple the government and affiliation to an illegal organisation, Hezb Al Tahrir Al



Now it's Mao the rock star

Beijing (R) - Chairman Mao's image no longer adoms every room in China but it still turns up in some unlikely places. The latest is a natural rock formation reachable only by boat inside the Lazeng Cave in southern Guangai province. the Guangxi Daily said in editions reaching Beijing Thesday. It was said to be found by journalists touring the cave. They discovered a rock about a dozen metres (39 feet) high that looks almost exactly like a half-length Mao Tsetung sta-tue, with his hair combed back and a broad forehead," the newspaper said. Only two months ago, the southern pro-vince of Hainan trumpeted the discovery of an entire moun-Na reportedly proclaimed was a "perfect likeness" of him lying on his back. It may be less than coincidence that natural likenesses of the great belmsman are turning up in 1993, which would have been Mao's 100th birthday. He died in 1976. Entrepreneurs hoping to cash in on the anniversary have been trying to ignite a nationwide Mao Nostalgia craze before the Dec. 26 centennial. Hainan officials said they would promote "Old E Mao Mountain" as a tourist

U.S. cab drivers most at risk for being slain

ATLANTA (AP) - People who drive or dispatch taxicabs were most at risk for being murdered on the job during the 1980s, U.S. safety officials reported. The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health said 7,603 people were murdered on the job in the United States from 1980 through 1989 - an average of nearly 15 people a week. Homicide was the leading cause of workplace death for women and the third leading cause of on-the-job deaths for all workers, the agency reported. Motor vehicle accidents were the top cause of death in the workplace and machine-related accidents were second. Taxicabs and taxi dispatch offices topped the list for most dangerous workplace every 100.000 workers murdered during the decade - almost 40 times the national on-the-job rate of 0.7 per 100,000 workers. Cab drivers and chauffeurs were listed as the riskiest jobs, with a rate of 15.1 deaths per 100,000. This year in New York City. where about 50,000 cabs cruise the streets. 32 cabbies have been murdered on the job. This is the most dangerous job in the city and no one besides the drivers seems to care," said Kenny Arthur, spokesman for Affiliated Livery Drivers and Owners in New York, a trade association. After taxicabs and dispatch offices, other risky workplace were liquor stores, where 8 of every 100,000 workers was slain; gas stations, 5.6; detective agencies, 5; courthousesprisons-police and fire departments, 3.4; grocery stores, 3.2: jewelry stores, 3.2; hotels-

Survey describes best U.S. campuses — for fun

bars, 1.5.

motels, 1.5; and restaurants-

CAMBRIDGE, Mass. (AP)
— In this U.S. survey of the "best colleges ever," Yale, Johns Hopkins and Chicago didn't make the top 10 - the barely made the top 300. That's because, as the young editors of an irreverent publication for college-age men put it, those schools may excel in academics, but they "rot" when it comes to having fun. The pollsters emphasise that the best party schools aren't necessarily scholastic zeroes; their survey simply focuses on "the fun factor." The unscientific poll appears in Inside Edge, a national magazine produced by students from Boston-area colleges, includ-ing Harvard, which was No. 122 on the list. Using reports from 50 student correspondents nationwide, Inside Edge graded America's 300 targest coed universities on nine criteria ranging from the bar and club scene to sports. The magazine's November issue lists the top 20 and worst 10: The things we rate are things that make the schools fun to go to," said publisher Aaron Sha-



Home delivery service now covers the following districts:

Jabal Amman - from Second Circle to Blader Wadi Seer, Abdoun Um Uthaina, Sweifieh, Shmeisani, Al Hussein Housing Estate, Rabieh Housing Estate, Tlaa Al Ali, Khalda, Um Al Summan Wasfi Tell Street, Mecca Street, Al Rashid District, area opposite University of Jordan, University of Jordan Housing Estate and

We will soon be covering more districts

For information and subscription call: Tel.: 667171 extension 247

